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# **The Long-Term International Transmission Grid of West Africa with Low and High Demand Electricity Growth Rates**

~ A WAPP Training Report ~

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## SUMMARY

The March 2001 Modeling Report, submitted to ECOWAS in Dakar, Senegal, provided demonstration runs of the West Africa Power Pool (WAPP) model with free trade regimes having total expansion costs of \$16.5 billion [1]. With severe constraints on electricity trade the increased total costs to the region (capital and operational) could be as high as an extra 27%. Capital expenditure for the building and expansion of the proposed and existing international transmission lines was shown to be the most attractive investment for the WAPP. For the 20 year long-term planning horizon the demonstration results indicated that there should approximately be a 900% increase in the load carrying capability of the international lines (nearly 9000MW added) in order to meet the expected growth in electricity demand, and maintain minimum costs for the region.

The March report satisfied the first modeling request of the ECOWAS Technical Working Group (TWG) which met in Accra, Ghana, in November 2000, (ie. the effect of the autonomy factor on WAPP energy trade policy). The second modeling request from the TWG was to demonstrate the sensitivity of electricity demand growth on WAPP development policies. This current report fulfills this second requirement of the Ghana meeting. While the earlier report is based upon a WAPP expected electricity growth rate this report considers a low demand growth rate scenario and a high demand growth scenario.

Scenario for 2001-2020	Total International Transmission Expansion (MW)	Increase on Existing 2001 International Transmission (%)	Total ECOWAS Regional Costs (\$ Billions)
Low Demand Growth	3,933	392	11.98
Expected Demand Growth	8,974	894	16.52
High Demand Growth	14,145	1,410	28.19

With a low demand growth scenario (25% below expected demand growth) there is a 392% increase in the region's international transmission load carrying capability. This reflects an approximate fourfold increase in the region's total electricity trade with a total cost to the ECOWAS region of nearly \$12 billion for the period 2001 to 2020.

In the high demand growth scenario (25% above expected demand growth) there is a massive 1,410% increase in the region's total transmission load carrying capability. As the growth rates increase then so too there is a much greater need for more electricity trade and extra transmission capacity to transmit the electricity for keeping aggregate regional costs to a minimum. The total cost to the region under a high growth scenario exceeds \$28 billion.

These two interim WAPP modeling reports, for 2000 to 2001, focus attention on the transmission capacity expansions across the ECOWAS region. These modeling reports provide support to the ECOWAS initiative for the development of a regional grid. The 2001 to 2002 WAPP modeling work is to concentrate on regional training. At some later stage it is anticipated that a similar high profile attention be given to modeling the generation expansion plans for across the region. With further validation of the ECOWAS electricity data bank this further stage of the WAPP modeling activity will be about ready to take place.

# 1. Overview of Total Regional Costs for Low, Expected & High Demand Growth Rates

This interim report #2, for 2000 to 2001, uses the WAPP demonstration model to indicate the great significance of reliable electricity demand growth rates in future ECOWAS planning. Attention to WAPP demand forecasting is so significant it merits a project unto itself. Having said this it can be seen that by decreasing the growth rates by 25% there will be a 56% decrease, compared with the expected demand growth, in total regional transmission capacity (Table 1).

Table 1

	Total Cost (\$ billion)	Total Existing Transmission Expansion (MW)	Total New Transmission Expansion (MW)	Total Transmission Expansion (MW)	Change from Base Case Expected Growth
(a) Low Growth	11.98	2,009	1,924	3,933	56% decrease
(b) Expected Growth	16.52	5,134	3,840	8,974	0
(a) High Growth	28.19	8,181	5,964	14,145	58% increase

Total existing international transmission lines capacity in 2001 is 1003MW.

A 25% increase in regional demand growth rates produces a 58% increase in total regional transmission capacity, compared with expected demand growth. There is a 135% increase in total regional costs when comparing the low growth scenario with the high growth scenario (Table 2; \$11.98 billion compared with \$28.19 billion).

Table 2 Costs for High & Low Demand Growth Rates of ECOWAS  
Transmission & Generation Capacity Expansions for 2001 to 2020

All costs in \$ millions PV	LOW GROWTH	HIGH GROWTH	% INCREASE
Total Regional Costs	11,980	28,194	135
(a) Capital Cost			
Old Thermal	34	193	468
Combined Cycle	2,267	7,472	230
Combustion Turbine	13	34	162
Old Hydropower	19	67	253
New Hydropower	1,259	2,072	65
New Transmission Lines	112	361	222
Old Transmission Lines	69	197	186
Total capital costs (PV)	3,775	10,399	175
(b) Fuel	6,558	13,907	112
(c) Fixed O & M	190	270	42
(d) Variable O & M	1,112	2,061	85
(e) Water	127	133	5
(f) Distributed Generation	16	152	850

In all demand growth scenarios it can be seen how the existing 2001 international lines in West Africa will have continuous strategic importance in a regional West Africa electricity trade market. The expansions in capacities on the existing lines exceed expansions on the proposed new international lines for the region, in all three growth

scenarios (Table 1). In the low growth scenario the total cost for 2001 to 2020 on new international lines in \$112 million and in the high growth scenario it increases to \$361 million (222% increase; Table 2).

The cost of expanding capacity on the existing lines and for the low growth scenario for 2001 to 2020 is estimated at \$69 million. This amount increases by 186% to \$197 million in a high growth scenario (Table 2). These relatively small investments in the region provide the framework for making large cost savings in a future fully integrated West Africa power pool.

## 2. International Transmission Lines & the ECOWAS MASTER PLAN

The transmission lines included in the demonstration model (Table 3) closely agree with the ECOWAS Master Plan. The WAPP model is for the analysis of international trade and so only includes the existing and proposed international transmission lines.

Table 3. WAPP International Transmission Lines  
(ECOWAS Data Set #4, August 2000)

<i>Line Name</i>	<i>Line Type*</i>	<i>Load Carrying Capability (MW)</i>	<i>Line Voltage (kV)</i>	<i>Route Length (km)</i>	<i>Fixed Capital Cost (\$10<sup>6</sup>)</i>	<i>Variable Expansion Cost (\$10<sup>6</sup>/MW)</i>
(1) Ben-Tog	OT	150	161	183		0.100
(2) BFa-ICo	OT	200	225	150		0.101
(3) Gha-Tog	OT	256	161	129		0.102
(4) Gha-ICo	OT	327	225	220		0.101
(5) Mal-Sen +	OT	150	225	821		0.108
(6) Ngr-Nga	OT	70	132	264		0.103
(7) Ben-Nga	NT	560	330	16	20.0	0.100
(8) Gam-Sen	NT	20	225	110	27.83	0.273
(9) Gui-Sen	NT	150			19.27	0.112
(10) Gui-ICo	NT	150	225	450	65.22	0.102
(11) Gui-SLe	NT	80	110	93	13.48	0.103
(12) Gui-GBi	NT	150	225	123	17.82	0.104
(13) Gui-Mal	NT	90	225	368	53.33	0.105
(14) Lib-Gui	NT	80			13.48	0.106
(15) Lib-SLe	NT	80			13.48	0.107
(16) Mal-ICo	NT	100	225	616	88.18	0.109
(17) BFa-Gha	NT	30	225	1160	7.5	0.400

Note:

\* OT = Old/existing international transmission line

\* NT = New/proposed international transmission line

\*\* = Line capacity in 2020 assuming there has been optimal expansion with free trade policies & expected growth

+ = Mal-Sen Line – all decisions have been taken – assumed to exist in 2001/2002

Table 4. International Transmission Lines in the ECOWAS Master Plan

<i>Phase I</i>		<i>Phase II</i>	
** Ikeja/Sakete,	Nga-Ben	** Conakry/Bumbuna,	Gui-SLe
Sakete/Tema,	Tog-Gha	* Conakry/Fomi,	Gui-Gui
Katsina/Maradi/Zinder,	Nga-Ngr	** Fomi/Selingue,	Gui-Mal
** Bolgatanga/Ouagadougou,	Gha-BFa	** Fomi-Man,	Gui-ICo
Bobo-Dioulasso/Ferkessedougou,	BFa-ICo	* Bissau/Saltinho,	GBi-GBi
** Ferkessedougou/Ouelessebougou,	ICo-Mal	* Dakar/Ziguinchor,	Sen-Sen
* Bamako/Manantali,	Mal-Mal	** Banjul/Ziguinchor,	Gam-Sen
Manantali/Dagana,	Mal-Sen	Ziguinchor/Bissau,	Sen-GBi
Dagana/Nouakchott,	Sen-Mau	Maiduguri/Diffa,	Nga-Ngr
* Dagana/Sakal,	Sen-Sen	* Bobo-Dioulasso/Ouagadougou,	BFa-BFa
* Freetown/Bumbuna,	SLe-SLe	Man/Monrovia,	ICo-Lib
		** Odienne/Selingue,	ICo-Mal

Notes: Table supplied at Dakar ECOWAS Meeting, March 20-22, 2001

\* These lines are national lines & not international – therefore not in the WAPP regional model

\*\* New international transmission lines

All of the transmission lines indicated with the “ \*\* ” are listed in both the ECOWAS Master Plan as well as in the ECOWAS Data Set#4, Table 3. The lines in Table 3 are the ones currently in the WAPP regional model.

The lines indicated with the “ \* ” in Table 4 are all national lines, proposed to be built within a national boundary, and technically are not included in the WAPP regional model. This is because the existing purpose of the model is to assess international electricity trade. With modifications and improvements however to the ECOWAS regional model this national functional requirement could be added.

The proposed international lines connecting Liberia and Guinea Bissau into the regional grid need further clarification. The data in the ECOWAS Data Set #4, which is supplied by the ECOWAS electricity utilities, does not fully agree with the lines listed in the ECOWAS Master Plan. This inconsistency can be readily corrected and new lines added to future WAPP models.

### 3. Transmission Line Capacity Expansions With Low and High Demand Growth Rates

Figure 2 and Tables 7 and 8 give a detailed summary of international transmission line capacity expansions for 2001 to 2020 under a low electricity demand growth scenario. (The line expansions reported in the Dakar March Report [1] with expected growth are shown in Figure 1 and Tables 5 and 6). The same trend is shown in Figure 2, for the low demand growth scenario, with major expansions from Nigeria to Ghana and significant electricity trade. The three links Nga-Ben, Ben-Tog, and Tog-Gha show the expansions to be less than half of the size with low growth compared to those demonstrated with expected growth. Within the Zone B for low growth the two links ICo-Gui and Gui-Sen are still the two most important regional links within the zone. These values are significantly reduced compared with the expected growth capacities, but not so significantly as in the case of the expansions on the existing lines for the Zone A coastal links.

As shown in Table 1 there is a 56% reduction (3,933 MW from 8,974 MW) in total regional MW transmission capacity with the low growth scenario, compared with the expected growth. Total expansion on the existing lines reduced from 5,134 MW (expected growth) to 2,009 MW (low growth). With the proposed new lines for the low growth scenario the reduction goes from 3,840 MW to 1,924 MW.

Comparing the low and expected growth scenarios there is very little change in the capacity expansions for Sen-Gam and Gui-Lib. The capacities of Mal-Gui and Mal-ICo reverse their orders of importance with these two growth scenarios.

There is a 58% increase in total international transmission capacity (14,145 MW from 8,974 MW) within the region when there is a high demand growth (Table 1). Total expansion on the existing lines increased from 5,134 MW (expected growth) to 8,181 MW (high growth). With the proposed new lines for the high growth scenario the increase goes from 3,840 MW to 5,964 MW.

In the high growth scenario compared with the expected growth there is a similar change of capacity in the three links between Nigeria and Ghana as in the comparison between the low and expected scenario. The two links, Gha-ICo and ICo-Gui become much more important in the high growth scenario. The expansion on the Gha-ICo link nearly triples in capacity for the high growth to 2,622 MW compared with 943 MW in the expected growth (being only 224 MW in the low growth). The ICo-Gui link more than triples in capacity in the high growth scenario to 1,410 MW compared with 442 MW in the expected growth scenario (being only 269 MW in the low growth).

The Gha-ICo link expands an enormous 1170% when comparing the low growth expansion with the high growth expansion, (224 MW compared with 2,622 MW). The ICo-Gui link, when comparing the low growth to the high, expands 524% (269 MW compared with 1,410 MW). Cote D'Ivoire becomes a major importer from Ghana towards the end of the 20 year planning horizon.

While having excess capacity at the start of the 20 year planning horizon Cote D'Ivoire has no generation capacity expansion plan and so eventually becomes a major importer of power from Ghana. In the high growth scenario Cote D'Ivoire is also wheeling large amounts of MW from Ghana to Guinea.

The list of values for the electricity demand growth rates, in both the low and high growth scenarios for each country, are given in Appendix I.

**Table 5. Expected Demand Growth & Expansion of Existing Transmission Lines (MW)**

Transmission Line	Period 1 Years 2001/2	2 2003/4	3 2005/6	4 2007/8	5 2009/10	6 2011/12	7 2013/14	8 2015/16	9 2017/18	10 2019/20	Total
(1) Ben-Tog		370				70	251	390	488	822	2,391
(3) Gha-Tog		342					165	366	455	727	2,055
(4) Gha-ICO		112	216	51						237	616
(6) Ngr-Nga							6	19	22	25	72

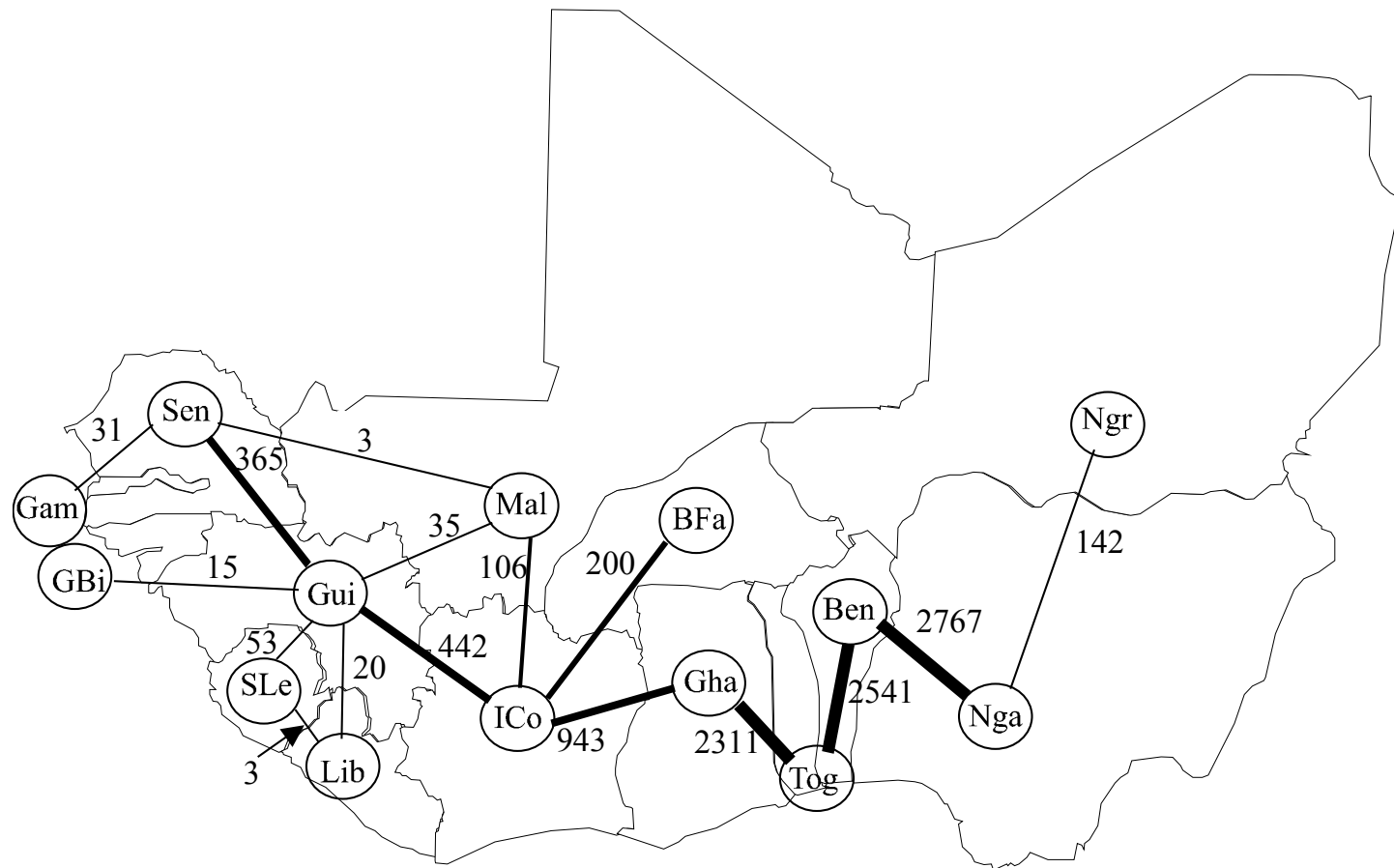
Total Regional Expansion on existing lines is 5,134MW

**Table 6. Expected Demand Growth & Expansion of Existing Transmission Lines (MW)**

New Transmission Line	Period 1 Years 2001/2	2 2003/4	3 2005/6	4 2007/8	5 2009/10	6 2011/12	7 2013/14	8 2015/16	9 2017/18	10 2019/20	Total
(7) Ben-Nga		496		64		75	268	407	519	938	2,767
(8) Gam-Sen		21	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	31
(9) Gui-Sen		147	21	25	23	20	25	30	34	40	365
(10) Gui-ICo		336		106							442
(11) Gui-SLe		13			30	10					53
(12) Gui-GBi		6	1	1	1	2	2	2			15
(13) Gui-Mal					1	34					35
(14) Lib-Gui		3			17						20
(15) Lib-SLe					3						3
(16) Mal-ICo		4	7	94	1						106

Total Regional Expansion with new lines is 3,840MW

Figure1. Total ECOWAS International Transmission Capacities in 2020  
With Expected Electricity Demand Growth & Free Trade Expansion (MW)





**Table 7. Low Demand Growth & Expansion of Existing Transmission Lines (MW)**

Transmission Line	Period 1 Years 2001/2	2 2003/4	3 2005/6	4 2007/8	5 2009/10	6 2011/12	7 2013/14	8 2015/16	9 2017/18	10 2019/20	Total
(1) Ben-Tog		375	8				49	206	159	188	985
(3) Gha-Tog		339	17					105	148	176	785
(4) Gha-ICO			157	67							224
(6) Ngr-Nga									2	13	15

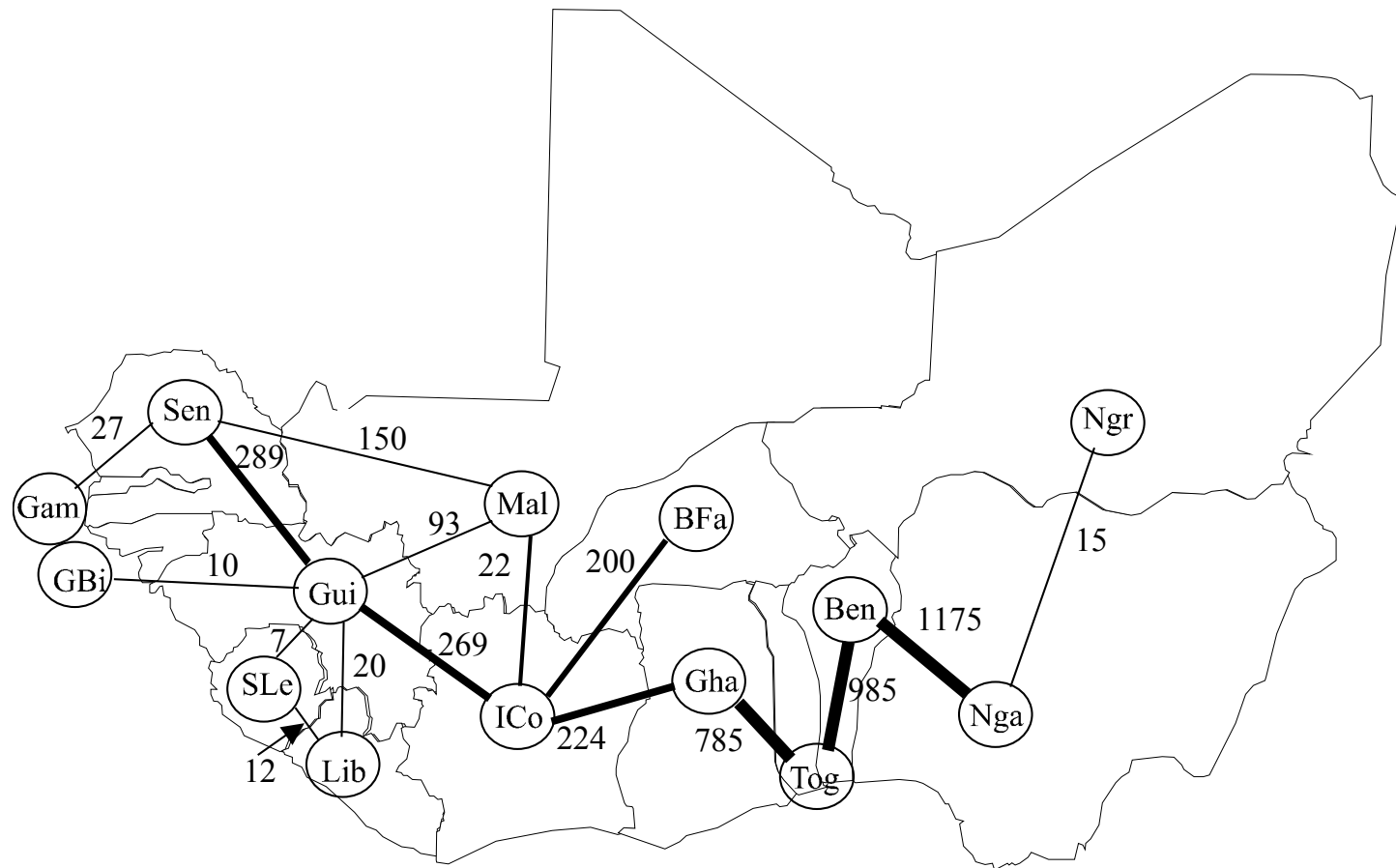
Total Regional Expansion on existing lines is 2, 009MW

**Table 8. Low Demand Growth & Expansion of Proposed Transmission Lines (MW)**

New Transmission Line	Period 1 Years 2001/2	2 2003/4	3 2005/6	4 2007/8	5 2009/10	6 2011/12	7 2013/14	8 2015/16	9 2017/18	10 2019/20	Total
(7) Ben-Nga		508		52			48	216	161	190	1,175
(8) Gam-Sen		20	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	27
(9) Gui-Sen		143	12	14	13	15	22	21	23	26	289
(10) Gui-ICo		269									269
(11) Gui-SLe		3	1		3						7
(12) Gui-GBi		6					1	1	1	1	10
(13) Gui-Mal			8		57	28					93
(14) Lib-Gui				20							20
(15) Lib-SLe		3			1					8	12
(16) Mal-ICo		22									22

Total Regional Expansion with new lines is 1,924MW

Figure 2. Total ECOWAS International Transmission Capacities in 2020  
With Low Electricity Demand Growth & Free Trade Expansion (MW)



**Table 9. High Demand Growth & Expansion of Existing Transmission Lines (MW)**

Transmission Line	Period 1 Years 2001/2	2 2003/4	3 2005/6	4 2007/8	5 2009/10	6 2011/12	7 2013/14	8 2015/16	9 2017/18	10 2019/20	Total
(1) Ben-Tog		286	70	146	482	655	849	639	113	30	3270
(3) Gha-Tog		284		79	454	617		595	133	23	2185
(4) Gha-ICO		68			252	382	446	503	971		2622
(6) Ngr-Nga						19	27	31	27		104

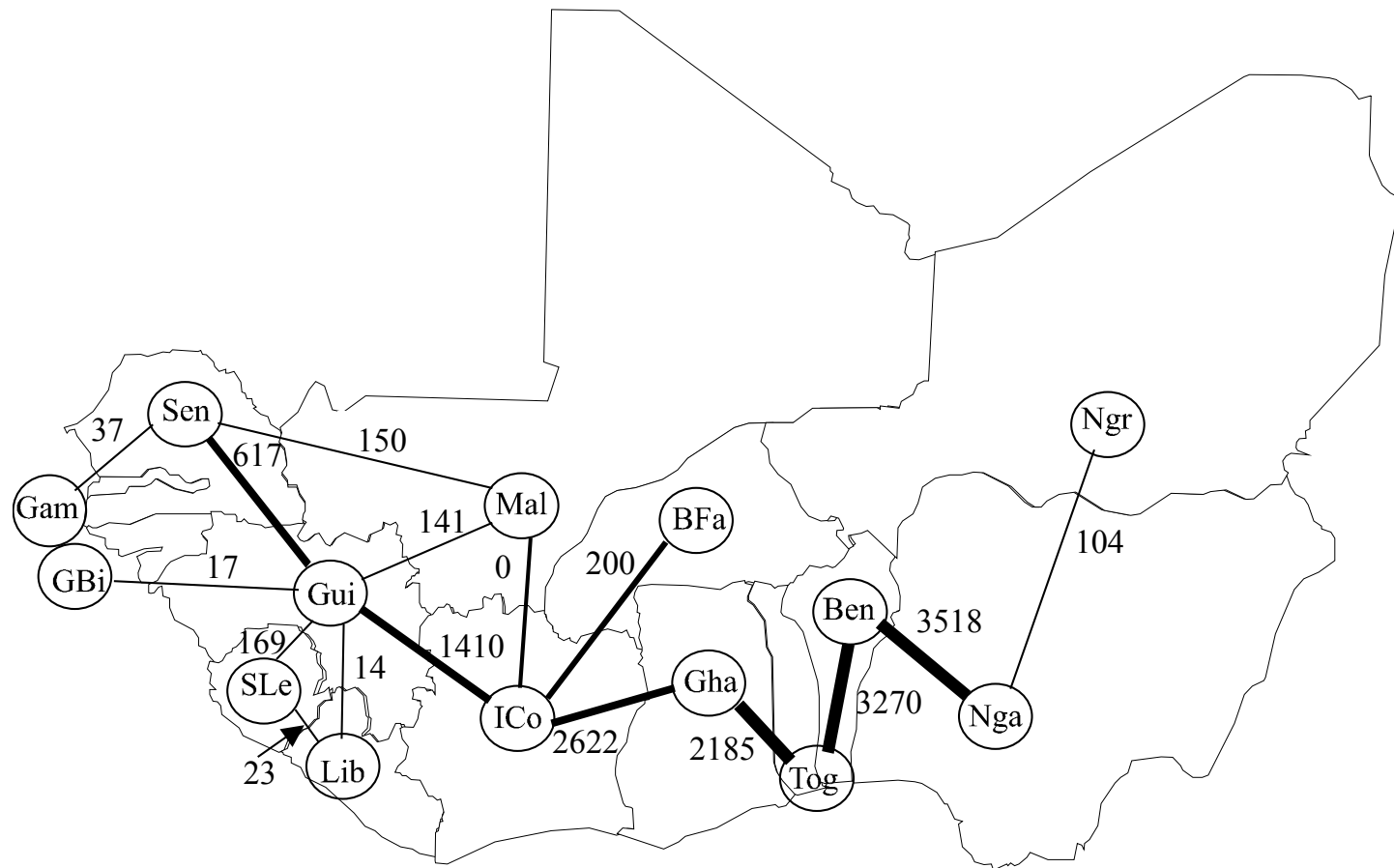
Total Regional Expansion on existing lines is 8,181MW

**Table 10. High Demand Growth & Expansion of Proposed Transmission Lines (MW)**

New Transmission Line	Period 1 Years 2001/2	2 2003/4	3 2005/6	4 2007/8	5 2009/10	6 2011/12	7 2013/14	8 2015/16	9 2017/18	10 2019/20	Total
(7) Ben-Nga		407	153	153	506	685	955	659			3,518
(8) Gam-Sen		22	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	37
(9) Gui-Sen		161	26	32	34	46	53	104	162	0	617
(10) Gui-ICo		314	76		219	255	111	60	375		1,410
(11) Gui-SLe		23			16	33	39	35	23		169
(12) Gui-GBi		6	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	17
(13) Gui-Mal		4	106	16						15	141
(14) Lib-Gui		1	3						8	2	14
(15) Lib-SLe		4	19								23

Total Regional Expansion with new lines is 5,964MW

Figure 3. Total ECOWAS International Transmission Capacities in 2020  
With High Electricity Demand Growth & Free Trade Expansion (MW)



#### 4. Electricity Energy Trade in the High and Low Demand Growth Scenarios for Guinea & Ghana

The electricity energy trade in these two case studies is determined by the levels of demand and supply for each time period. The generation capacities that are available at the end of the 2001-2020 planning horizon, under the low and high demand scenarios, are summarized below at the start of Sections 4.1 and 4.3.

##### 4.1 Low Growth & Guinea's Electricity Energy Trade for 2001 to 2020

###### Guinea Low Growth Scenario:

65 MW old thermal generation  
127 MW old hydropower generation  
840 MW new hydropower generation

###### Guinea High Growth Scenario:

85 MW old thermal generation  
127 MW old hydropower generation  
1,732 MW new hydropower generation

###### Electrical energy imports into Guinea (GWh/Year)

Period:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<u>From: ICo</u>	0	0	0	0.1	0	0	0	2.3	0.1	8.4
<u>From: GBi</u>	0	1.8	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
<u>From: Lib</u>	0	0.9	0.2	178.4	172.3	164.1	155.1	159.5	132.4	61.2
<u>From: Mal</u>	0	0	70.4	70.4	536.9	765.1	763.6	762.1	760.6	759.0
<u>From: Sen</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>From: SLe</u>	0	0	1.5	30.0	4.5	2.4	0	0.7	0	0
<b>Total:</b>	0	2.8	73.4	279.5	713.9	931.9	918.9	924.7	893.2	828.9

###### Electrical energy exports from Guinea (GWh/Year)

<u>To: ICo</u>	0	2189	1528	1025	1265	1213	1329	1105	1284	1047
<u>To: GBi</u>	0	19	24	29	33	38	42	45	47	51
<u>To: Lib</u>	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>To: Mal</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>To: Sen</u>	0	1036	1127	1232	1326	1438	1573	1720	1880	2060
<u>To: SLe</u>	0	22	29	0	0	56	21	0	47	6
<b>Total:</b>	0	3268	2711	2286	2625	2746	2968	2871	3259	3165

##### 4.2 High Growth & Guinea's Electricity Energy Trade for 2001 to 2020

###### Electrical energy imports into Guinea (GWh/Year)

Period:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<u>From: ICo</u>	0	0	0	1099	2007	2995	4105	5227	6474	7397
<u>From: GBi</u>	0	3.0	1.6	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0	0
<u>From: Lib</u>	0	0	31.0	36.0	18.0	11.0	5.0	0.6	0	0
<u>From: Mal</u>	0	37	901	744	572	419	261	108	0	0
<u>From: Sen</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>From: SLe</u>	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total:</b>	0	40	934	1900	2598	3426	4371	5336	6474	7397

###### Electrical energy exports from Guinea (GWh/Year)

<u>To: ICo</u>	0	2513	2288	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>To: GBi</u>	0	17	25	34	45	51	57	64	79	97
<u>To: Lib</u>	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>To: Mal</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	286
<u>To: Sen</u>	0	1170	1354	1577	1819	2125	2506	2961	3480	4098
<u>To: SLe</u>	0	199	148	0	103	262	448	565	709	878
<b>Total:</b>	0	3904	3817	1611	1967	2438	3012	3591	4327	5359

### 4.3 Low Growth & Ghana's Electricity Energy Trade for 2001 to 2020

#### Ghana Low Growth Scenario:

550 MW old thermal generation  
330 MW combined cycle generation  
1,222 MW old hydropower generation  
157 MW new hydropower generation

#### Ghana High Growth Scenario:

550 MW old thermal generation  
2,310 MW combined cycle generation  
1,222 MW old hydropower generation  
728 MW new hydropower generation

#### Electrical energy imports into Ghana (GWh/Year)

Period:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
From: ICo	361	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
From: Tog	0	582	2224	3423	3369	3303	3586	5069	6152	7439

#### Electrical energy exports from Ghana (GWh/Year)

To: ICo	0	211	1084	1838	2018	2239	2506	3173	3507	3999
To: Tog	604	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### 4.4 High Growth & Ghana's Electricity Energy Trade for 2001 to 2020

#### Electrical energy imports into Ghana (GWh/Year)

Period:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
From: ICo	588	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
From: Tog	0	1412	3382	4388	7946	12800	18800	22500	23800	23500
Total:	588	1412	3382	4388	7946	12800	18800	22500	23800	23500

#### Electrical energy exports from Ghana (GWh/Year)

To: ICo	0	296	1098	3192	5320	8525	10900	13400	16200	19100
To: Tog	622	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total:	622	296	1098	3192	5320	8525	10900	13400	16200	19100

With trade in and out of Guinea there is a switch in direction of trade with Cote D'Ivoire between the low and high demand scenarios as well as a significant increase in the level of trade with high growth (Figure 5). With low demand growth the trade flow is from Guinea to Cote D'Ivoire (using Guinea's low cost new hydropower stations). When it is high demand growth the trade flow is from Cote D'Ivoire into Guinea with wheeling of lower cost electricity across Cote D'Ivoire from Ghana and Nigeria (Figure 4).

Figure 4. Transmission Load Capabilities Between Cote D'Ivoire, Guinea & Ghana, with Low & High Demand Growth Scenarios (MW)

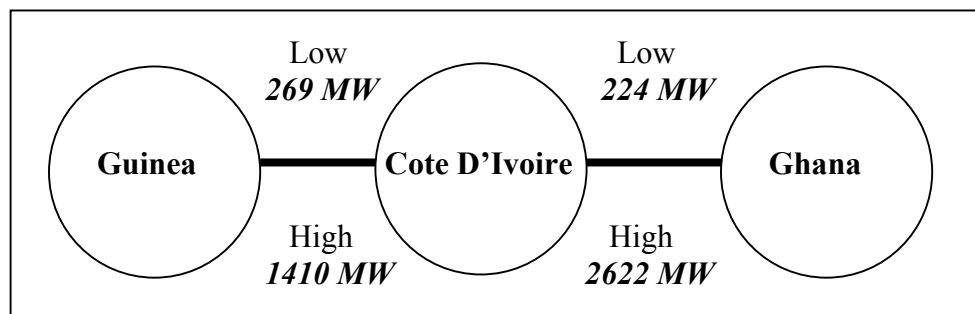


Figure 5. Electricity Energy Trade in 2019 & 2020 (GWh per year in period 10) Between Guinea & Other ECOWAS Countries For Low and High Electricity Demand Growth

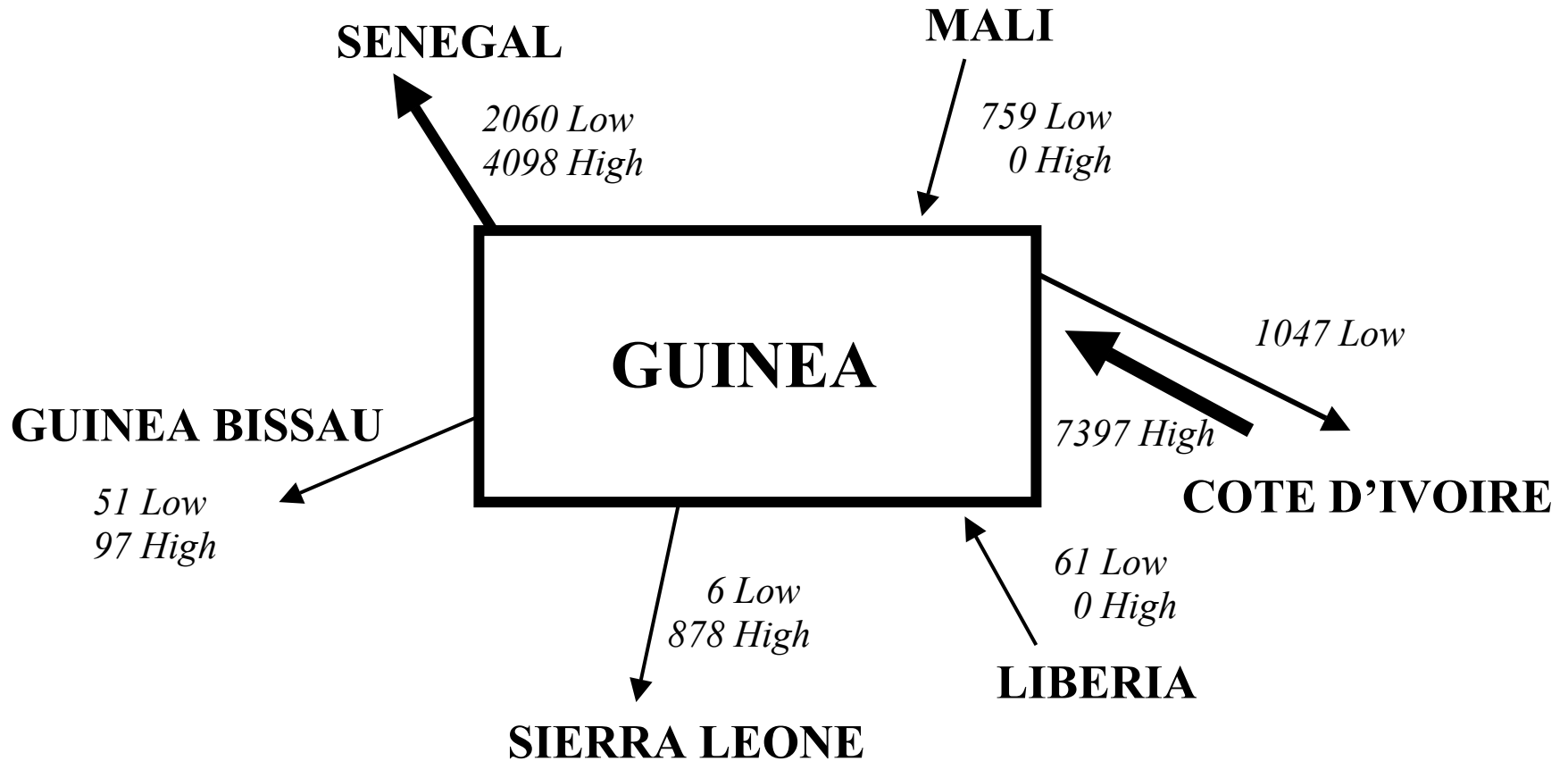
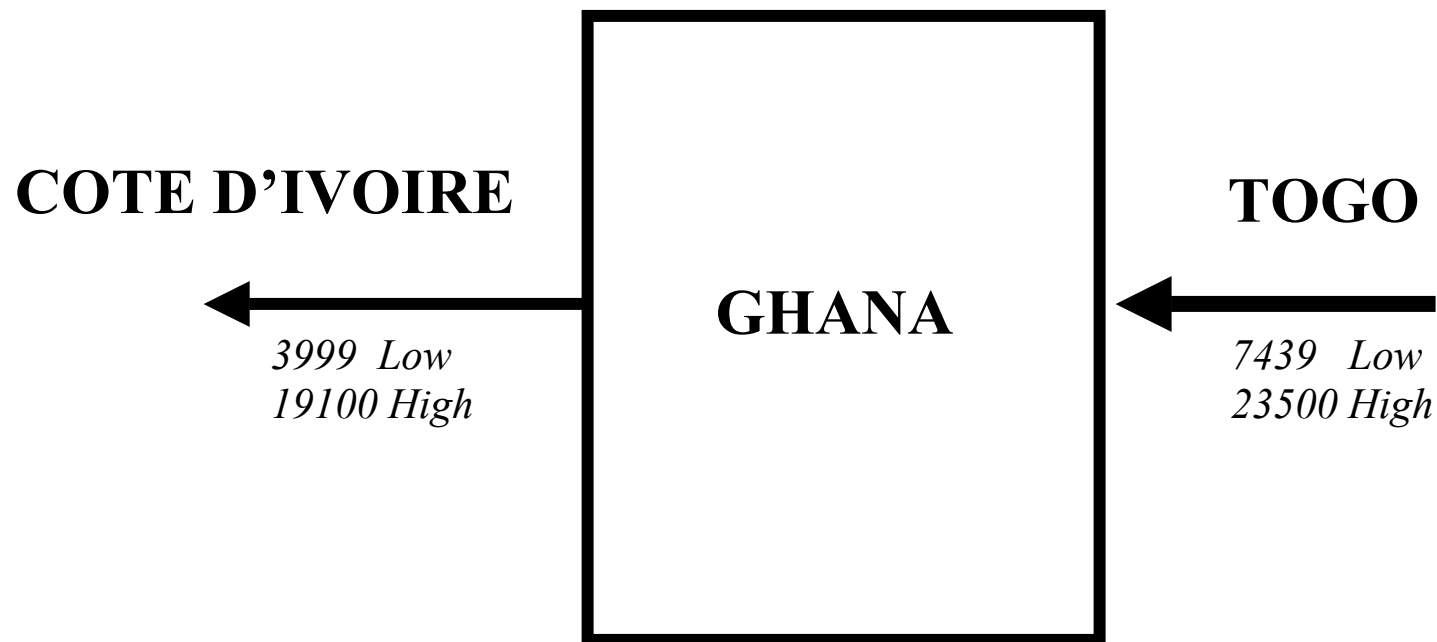


Figure 6. Electricity Energy Trade in 2019 & 2020 (GWh per year in period 10) Between Ghana & Other ECOWAS Countries For Low and High Electricity Demand Growth





There is an enormous change in the transmission capabilities between Cote D'Ivoire and Guinea and Ghana for the two growth scenarios. The maximum transmission capability between Cote D'Ivoire and Guinea for the low demand scenario is 269 MW but in the high demand scenario it is 1410 MW. Similarly with Ghana, for the low growth scenario the capability is 224 MW but with the high growth this increases to 2622 MW. The high demand growth scenario is so large that Nigeria's potential combined cycle generation must be employed to supply much of the ECOWAS region.

Throughout the 20 year planning horizon and in both the low and high demand growth scenarios Guinea supplies electricity to Guinea Bissau, Sierra Leone, and Senegal. The high growth scenario sees larger quantities of electricity being shipped for all three countries with much larger quantities going to Senegal (Figure 5). Liberia transmits a maximum of 20 MW of power to Guinea during the low growth scenario from its new hydropower station but this switches to Sierra Leone for the high growth scenario (Figure 5).

Figure 6 illustrates the electricity trade to and from Ghana. The proposed line between Ghana and Burkina Faso is never shown to be cost effective and so is not built in either the low or high demand growth scenario. The capital costs of all proposed new international transmission lines is a set of parameters that must be finally validated. Ghana has very significant increases in international lines with high growth (Figures 2 and 3). The Ghana to Togo link is 785 MW in the low scenario and is 2185 MW in the high scenario. The Ghana to Cote D'Ivoire link is 224 MW in the low scenario and is 2622 MW in the high scenario. These increases in load carrying capacity indicate the large increases in electricity trade. There is a fivefold increase in electricity trade from Ghana to Togo and a threefold increase from Ghana to Cote D'Ivoire with the increase to a high demand growth (Figure 6). The complete national output files, together with explanatory notes, for Guinea and Ghana are listed in Appendix II.

## 5. ECOWAS Generation Capacity Expansions & Data Collection Needs

ECOWAS has given considerable attention to the proposed regional transmission expansions and the generation planning now requires its turn. The ECOWAS generation capacities for thermal and hydropower in 2000 are summarized in Figure 6.

The ECOWAS region, in 2000, has an equal mix of thermal generation and hydropower with 3,560 MW of total thermal power and 3,507 MW of total hydropower, giving a total generation reserve of 7,067 MW [2,3].

Table 11. Total ECOWAS Optimal Generation Expansions, 2001-2020

(MW)	Low Growth	Expected Growth	High Growth
Total Generation Expansions	16,915	29,934	58,623
Combined Cycle	14,969	28,219	52,810
Turbine	75	75	75
New Hydropower	1,374	1,484	3,371
Old Hydropower	150	156	560

Guinea, Ghana and Mali have more hydropower than thermal. Cote D'Ivoire and Senegal have more thermal power than hydropower [2,3].

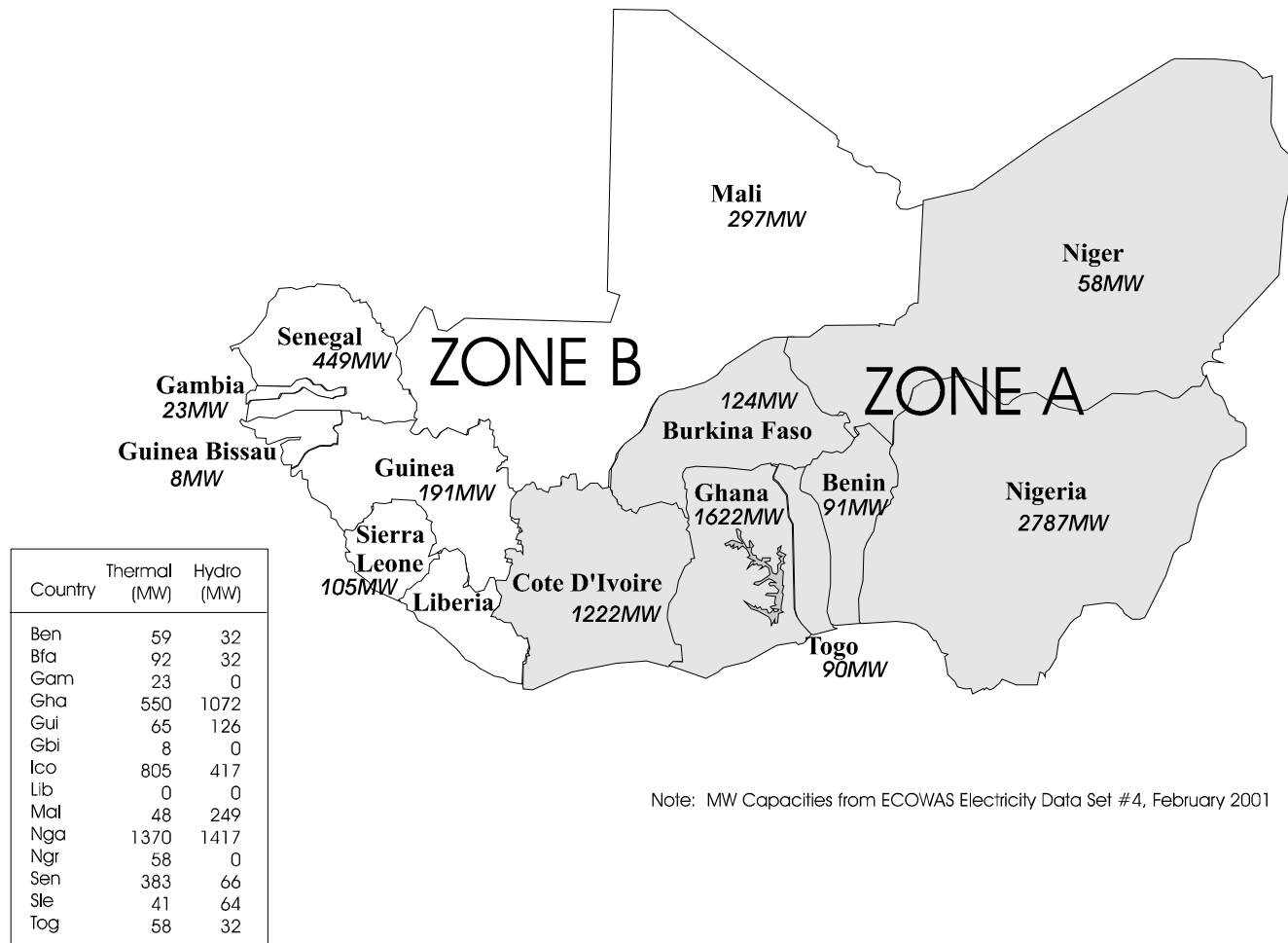
With a low growth in demand the region will need, by 2020, to have an extra 9,848 MW (16,915–7,067) of generation in order to meet the projected new peak demand (Table 11). If there is a high growth in demand then an extra 51,556 MW (58,623–7,067) will be required in order to meet the new level of peak demand in 2020 (Table 11).

The ECOWAS countries need to give more attention to the generation capacity expansion plans. To date a total of 3,247 MW is recorded for proposed new generation capacity, Table 12, [2,3]. There is a severe shortage of 6,601 MW (9,848–3,247) of planned generation capacity for the low demand growth scenario. The plans of Nigeria are not in the Data Set #4 on which these comparisons are made.

Table 12 Proposed New WAPP Generation Projects  
Recorded in ECOWAS Data Set #4 (February 2001)

<i>Country &amp; Project Name</i>	<i>MW Capacity</i>	<i>Technology</i>
Ben - Adjaralla East	48.5	HN
Ben - Dyodyonga South	26.0	HN
BFa - OuagaIII	75.0	PGNGT
BFa - Noumbiel	60.0	HN
Gha - Bui	400.0	HN
Gha - Juale	87.0	HN
Gha - Pwalugu	48.0	HN
Gha - Hemang	93.0	HN
Gha - Tema	1980.0	PGNCC
Gha - TICOtakoradi	3330.0	PGNCC
Gui - Tiopo	120.0	HN
Gui - ComplexeSouapitiKaleta	975.0	HN
Gui - Fomi	90.0	HN
Gui - FelloSounga	82.0	HN
Gui - Gaoual	39.0	HN
Gui - Morisanako	100.0	HN
Gui - Koukoutamba	281.0	HN
Gui - Guilde	45.0	HN
GBi - Saltinho (page 92)	20.0	HN
Lib - BushrodI (Refurbish)	9.0	PGNSC
Lib - BushrodII	12.5	PGNSC
Lib - LukeI	48.0	PGNSC
Lib - LukeII	40.5	PGNSC
Lib - Mitsubishi(Diesel)	10.0	PGNSC
Lib - MtCoffee	64.0	HN
Mal - Gouina	104.0	HN
Mal - Felou	105.0	HN
Mal - Petit Kenie	56.0	HN
Mal - Markala	5.2	HN
Ngr - Dyodyonga North	26.0	HN
Ngr - Gambou	52.5	HN
Ngr - Kandadji	125.0	HN
Total MW	3247.2	

Figure 6. ECOWAS – Country MW Capacities &amp; Power Pool Zones A &amp; B



Only the low demand growth scenario can be considered at this stage of the modeling because of inadequate generation data in the model.

The most significant generation data needs for the region are in Nigeria. In the ECOWAS Data Set #4 (February 2001) the stations in Nigeria are reported as shown at the top of Table 13, with model station numbers and having a total generating capacity of 3,308MW. Consultations, however, at the Dakar, March 2001 ECOWAS conference, indicate that by the end of 2002 that the Nigeria generation stations will be more realistically represented with all of the stations listed in Table 13 and therefore having a total generating capacity of 16,406 MW.

Table 13. Nigeria Generation Data from Dakar Conference, March 2001

<b>Nigeria</b> <i>(Updated March 20, 2001)</i>	MW	Station Type	Model Station number
Afam	558.0	PGO	Nga Stat1
Delta	840.0	PGO	Nga Stat2
Lagos (Egbin)	1320.0	PGO	Nga Stat3
Lagos Egbin Barges (Enron)	270.0	PGO	
Sapele (Ogorode)	1020.0	PGO	Nga Stat4
Ijora	40.0	PGO	Nga Stat5
Kainji <i>(page 128, Data Set #3)</i>	760.0	H	Nga Stat1
Jebba <i>(page 129, Data Set #3)</i>	578.4	H	Nga Stat2
Shiroro <i>(page 130, Data Set #3)</i>	600.0	H	Nga Stat3
Kwale (CC)	350.0	PGO*	
Abuja EPP (Diesel)	30.0	PGO*	
Abuja Shell (CC)	800.0	PGO*	
ALSCON Smelter (CC)	200.0	PGO*	
AGIP (CC)	500.0	PGO*	
MOBIL (CC)	340.0	PGO*	
Onitsha (CC)	2000.0	PGO*	
Ajaokuta (CC)	500.0	PGO*	
Ompadec(GT) & Nafcon(GT)	45.0	PGO*	
Oji (coal)	120.0	PGO*	
Ikom (CC)	2000.0	PGO*	
Swede Power (CC)	500.0	PGO*	
Zungeru (CC)	500.0	PGO*	
Mambila (CC)	2000.0	PGO*	
Dankowa (CC)	35.0	PGO*	
Lokoja (CC)	500.0	PGO*	
<b>TOTAL GENERATION</b>	<b>16,406*</b>		<b>3,308</b>
Note: * NEPA data = existing by late 2002 PGO = Existing thermal station H = Existing hydropower station			

For further progress in the modeling of the ECOWAS electricity policy it is essential that the Nigerian electricity generation plans with appropriately completed data sheets be validated. For the present model it is assumed that NEPA will have generation expansion of up to 50,000 MW from new combined cycle generation.

Table 14. Liberia Generation Data (Supplied May 8, 2001)

<b>Liberia</b> (Supplied May 8, 2001)	MW	Station Type	Model Station number
Bushrod Skoda (Diesel)	7.2	PGO	Lib Stat1
Bushrod Luke (Diesel) – awaiting refurbishment	40.5	PGN	Lib Stat1
Bushrod Mitsubishi - awaiting refurbishment	10.0	PGN	Lib Stat2
Bushrod Gas Turbine - awaiting refurbishment	68.0	PGN	Lib Stat3
Mt Coffee (Hydro) - awaiting refurbishment	64.0	HN	Lib Stat1

Liberia's data in the model now needs updating with the supply of data sent to Purdue on May 8, 2001 (Table 14). The previous estimates, in Table 12, are not so very different to those just supplied. The major job in Liberia is one of refurbishment. The cost of refurbishment is now required.

In summary the data validation needs are:-

- Generation expansion plans for each country with the names of each new project
- Fixed & variable expansion costs for new generation capacity
- Fixed & variable expansion costs for existing & new transmission capacity
- Refurbishment costs of existing stations (treat as low-cost new stations)
- Outage rates for thermal & hydropower plants
- Fuel costs (all types) in US dollars
- Time constraints, At, Aft, Bef, and decommissioning times
- Line loss percentages
- Reserve margins for thermal & hydropower plants
- Hydropower minimum usage
- Escalation rates of fuel costs
- Decay rates of thermal stations
- Fixed & Variable O & M costs

Prior to further modeling work with the WAPP model each country will need to check the data in the ECOWAS Data Sets #3 and #4 [2,3]. This will ensure that each country is correctly represented within the regional electricity pool model.

### References

[1] F.T. Sparrow, Brian H. Bowen, "The West African Power Pool & Optimal Long-Term Planning of International Transmission with a Free Trade Electricity Policy", ECOWAS Power Pool Conference, Dakar, Senegal, March 20-22, 2001.

[2] West Africa Power Pool WAPP, DATA SET #4, ECOWAS & Purdue University, February 2001.

[3] West Africa Power Pool WAPP, DATA SET #3, ECOWAS & Purdue University, August 2000.

## Appendix I

### WAPP Demand Growth Rates Data

All values are obtained from the expected demand growth rates  
(Low = Expected growth x 75%, High = Expected growth x 125%)

#### Country 1: BENIN

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	9.3	12.4	15.4
2 - 2003/4	6.2	8.2	10.3
3 - 2005/6	5.7	7.6	9.4
4 - 2007/8	5.9	7.8	9.8
5 - 2009/10	6.1	8.2	10.2
6 - 2011/12	6.2	8.2	10.3
7 - 2013/14	6.3	8.4	10.5
8 - 2016/16	6.2	8.3	10.4
9 - 2017/18	6.1	8.1	10.1
10 - 2019/20	6.0	7.9	9.9

#### Country 2: BURKINA FASO

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	7.4	9.8	12.3
2 - 2003/4	5.1	6.8	8.5
3 - 2005/6	6.9	8.3	11.6
4 - 2007/8	5.1	6.8	8.5
5 - 2009/10	5.2	6.9	8.7
6 - 2011/12	5.3	7.1	8.8
7 - 2013/14	5.4	7.2	9.0
8 - 2016/16	5.5	7.3	9.1
9 - 2017/18	5.4	7.3	9.1
10 - 2019/20	5.4	7.3	9.1

#### Country 3: GAMBIA

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	7.5	10.0	12.5
2 - 2003/4	4.2	10.6	6.9
3 - 2005/6	1.9	2.5	3.1
4 - 2007/8	1.8	2.4	3.0
5 - 2009/10	1.7	2.3	2.8
6 - 2011/12	1.6	2.2	2.7
7 - 2013/14	1.6	2.1	2.6
8 - 2016/16	1.5	2.0	2.5
9 - 2017/18	0.0	0.0	0.0
10 - 2019/20	2.8	1.9	4.7

#### Country 4: GHANA

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	4.8	6.5	8.1
2 - 2003/4	4.2	5.7	7.1
3 - 2005/6	5.3	7.1	8.8
4 - 2007/8	3.6	4.8	6.0
5 - 2009/10	3.6	4.9	6.1
6 - 2011/12	3.8	5.0	6.3
7 - 2013/14	3.8	5.1	6.3
8 - 2016/16	3.7	5.0	6.2
9 - 2017/18	3.7	4.9	6.1
10 - 2019/20	3.7	4.9	6.1

Country 5: **GUINEE BISSAU**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	3.8	5.1	6.4
2 - 2003/4	3.7	4.9	6.1
3 - 2005/6	3.8	5.0	6.3
4 - 2007/8	3.4	4.6	5.7
5 - 2009/10	3.3	4.4	5.5
6 - 2011/12	3.6	4.9	6.1
7 - 2013/14	3.5	4.6	5.8
8 - 2016/16	3.7	4.9	6.1
9 - 2017/18	3.6	4.8	5.9
10 - 2019/20	3.7	4.9	6.1

Country 6: **GUINEE**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	3.1	4.1	5.1
2 - 2003/4	2.9	3.9	4.9
3 - 2005/6	71.2	94.9	118.6
4 - 2007/8	1.0	1.4	1.7
5 - 2009/10	1.1	1.5	1.8
6 - 2011/12	1.2	1.6	1.9
7 - 2013/14	1.3	1.7	2.1
8 - 2016/16	1.3	1.8	2.2
9 - 2017/18	1.4	1.9	2.3
10 - 2019/20	1.4	1.8	2.3

Country 7: **IVORY COAST**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	3.5	4.7	5.9
2 - 2003/4	5.9	7.8	9.8
3 - 2005/6	5.4	7.3	9.1
4 - 2007/8	4.6	6.2	7.7
5 - 2009/10	3.9	5.2	6.4
6 - 2011/12	5.0	6.7	8.4
7 - 2013/14	5.5	7.3	9.1
8 - 2016/16	5.3	7.1	8.9
9 - 2017/18	5.8	7.8	9.7
10 - 2019/20	5.8	7.8	9.7

Country 8: **LIBERIA** (Received May 8, 2001)

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2		200.0	
2 - 2003/4		62.0	
3 - 2005/6		0	
4 - 2007/8		0	
5 - 2009/10		26.0	
6 - 2011/12		20.0	
7 - 2013/14		0	
8 - 2016/16		0	
9 - 2017/18		0	
10 - 2019/20		0	

Country 9: **MALI**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	12.1	16.2	20.2
2 - 2003/4	11.2	15.0	18.7
3 - 2005/6	7.1	9.5	11.9
4 - 2007/8	4.5	6.0	7.4
5 - 2009/10	4.5	6.0	7.4
6 - 2011/12	2.6	3.5	4.4
7 - 2013/14	2.6	3.5	4.3
8 - 2016/16	3.0	4.0	5.0
9 - 2017/18	3.4	4.6	5.7
10 - 2019/20	3.4	4.6	5.7

Country 10: **NIGER**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	6.0	8.1	10.1
2 - 2003/4	5.2	7.0	8.7
3 - 2005/6	5.6	7.5	9.4
4 - 2007/8	5.5	7.3	9.1
5 - 2009/10	5.6	7.4	9.3
6 - 2011/12	5.6	7.4	9.3
7 - 2013/14	5.5	7.4	9.2
8 - 2016/16	5.5	7.4	9.2
9 - 2017/18	5.6	7.4	9.3
10 - 2019/20	5.5	7.4	9.2

Country 11: **NIGERIA**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	8.7	11.7	14.6
2 - 2003/4	9.1	12.2	15.2
3 - 2005/6	8.1	10.8	13.6
4 - 2007/8	8.7	11.6	14.5
5 - 2009/10	8.7	11.6	14.5
6 - 2011/12	8.8	11.8	14.7
7 - 2013/14	8.6	11.5	14.3
8 - 2016/16	8.7	11.7	14.6
9 - 2017/18	8.7	11.7	14.6
10 - 2019/20	8.6	11.4	14.3

Country 12: **SENEGAL**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	6.3	8.5	10.6
2 - 2003/4	3.4	4.5	5.6
3 - 2005/6	6.3	8.4	10.5
4 - 2007/8	4.6	6.1	7.6
5 - 2009/10	4.7	6.3	7.9
6 - 2011/12	5.1	6.9	8.6
7 - 2013/14	5.2	6.9	8.6
8 - 2016/16	5.1	6.9	8.6
9 - 2017/18	5.3	7.0	8.8
10 - 2019/20	5.3	7.1	8.8



Country 13: **SIERRA LEONE**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	46.2	61.7	77.1
2 - 2003/4	12.6	16.8	20.9
3 - 2005/6	4.6	6.2	7.7
4 - 2007/8	4.7	6.2	7.8
5 - 2009/10	4.9	6.5	8.1
6 - 2011/12	5.1	6.8	8.4
7 - 2013/14	5.1	6.8	8.4
8 - 2016/16	5.1	6.8	8.5
9 - 2017/18	5.1	6.8	8.6
10 - 2019/20	5.1	6.8	8.5

Country 14: **TOGO**

Period – Years	Low %	Expected %	High %
1 - 2001/2	1.7	2.3	2.9
2 - 2003/4	1.7	2.2	2.8
3 - 2005/6	2.9	3.8	4.8
4 - 2007/8	1.8	2.4	2.9
5 - 2009/10	2.0	2.6	3.3
6 - 2011/12	1.9	2.5	3.1
7 - 2013/14	2.0	2.7	3.4
8 - 2016/16	1.9	2.6	3.2
9 - 2017/18	1.8	2.5	3.1
10 - 2019/20	1.8	2.4	2.9

**Appendix II**  
**WAPP Case Studies**  
**JUNE 2001**

**GUINEA & GHANA NATIONAL OUTPUT FILES**  
**– With Preliminary Explanations**

Based on:  
 February13-2001.gms model  
 & ECOWAS Data Set #4 (February 2001)  
 Expected Demand Growth Rates & 50% Autonomy

**Description of Country Output File** (for the low demand growth scenario)

The first line of the country output file shows the present value (PV) of the total cost of the project. Given the assumptions of “expected demand growth rate and 50% autonomy”, the total cost of the project is \$US16.5 billion.

The second line gives the country’s share of the total cost. In the example country cost share (in PV) for Guinea with the 20-year-horizon is \$US1.097 billion, representing 6.6% of the total cost. The country cost share (in PV) of Ghana is \$US0.657 billion (4% of total cost).

The next four lines give some information on the execution of the program used to run the model. Then, the rest of the output is arranged by section.

**Section A: CHOSEN PROJECTS** (considering Guinea)

This section lists all the projects selected in the optimal solution of the model.

1. Old thermal expansion  
 There would be an expansion of the generation capacity of station 1 and 2 by a total of 20 MW (10 MW each) in period 10 (years 2019 and 2020) of the planning horizon.
2. New hydro projects  
 The total capacity added through new hydroelectric projects during the planning horizon is 894 MW.

3. New transmission projects

A total of 26 MW is added to the transmission capacity through new transmission projects.

4. New transmission expansion

There is total of 913 MW capacity added through the expansion of new international transmission lines.

## Section B: RESERVES

This section starts with the Reserve Equation in the model:

$$\text{Generation Reserve} + \text{Firm Import Reserve} - \text{Firm Export Reserve} + \text{Unserved Energy} = \text{Peak Demand}$$

The information given by subsection is as follows:

- (a) Peak Demand values (MW) from the input files.
- (b) Peak Load Carrying Capability (MW) per type of generation plant, adjusted by the Decay Rate (0.1%) and the Reserve Margin (19% for Thermo plants and 10% for Hydro plants).
- (c) Firm Import Reserve (MW) adjusted by line loss and forced outage rate (FOR) by exporting country, and in total. Results show that Guinea imports small staggered amount of reserves from Liberia, Mali, Senegal and Sierra Leone. Ghana imports reserves from Côte d'Ivoire in periods 2 to 7 and from Togo in period 7 to 10.
- (d) Unadjusted Firm Exports (MW) by country for who reserve is being held. Guinea exports reserves to Côte d'Ivoire and Senegal, and very small amounts to Guinea Bissau and Liberia. Ghana exports reserves to Côte d'Ivoire only in periods 9 and 10 and to Togo in periods 1 to 6.
- (f) Total Reserve Capacity (MW): simply adds up left-hand side of the reserve equation to assure the user that it equals the right-hand side.
- (g) Total Reserve Margin (%) is the measure of the reliability of the system used by WAPP: "Reserve capacity as a % of System Peak Demand".
- (i) Autonomy Factor (actual and required) is the Generation Reserve adjusted by Forced Outage and Decay Rates, divided by Peak Demand. In Guinea the actual autonomy factor is more than the 50% required autonomy level for all periods. In all periods Guinea's total reserves exceed peak demand as shown by actual autonomy always exceeding 100%. Guinea builds new hydropower in the earlier periods for export purposes.

- (j) Maximum Imports (MW) is the unadjusted maximum hourly flow of power by country during the year (Part 1). Part 2 lists the Maximum Import per country, year, season, type of day and hour.
- (k) Maximum Exports (MW) is the unadjusted maximum hourly flow of power by importing country during the year (Part 1). Part 2 lists the Maximum Export per country, year, season, type of day and hour.

### **Section C: INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE GENERATION CAPACITY**

This section shows the yearly incremental and cumulative installed capacity (including initial capacity) by station type, unadjusted for decay or outage rates. This section includes the following subsections:

- (a) Incremental unadjusted generation capacity (MW) installed in each year.
- (b) Cumulative unadjusted generation capacity (MW) installed in each year
- (c) Incremental unadjusted new transmission capacity (MW) per import country
- (d) Cumulative unadjusted transmission capacity (MW) per import country

Information in this section can easily be used to construct a table showing yearly and total capacity expansion in a country over the planning horizon.

### **Section D: Demand and Supply**

This section begins with an equation showing the equality constraint between Demand and Supply:

$$\text{Energy Demand} + \text{Energy Exported} = \text{Energy Generation} + \text{Energy Imported} + \text{Unserved Energy}$$

Section D includes a subsection (a) for total local energy demand and total exports for each year. The last row of subsection (a) shows the sum of the yearly local demand and exports of energy.

Subsection (b) shows the yearly total energy supply by plant type, total imports, and the sum of local energy generation plus imports. The Guinea results show that there is no energy supplied by old thermal production units. This could be the case due to the fact that fuel cost is very high. So, allowing energy generation by existing thermal stations would not meet the cost-minimizing objective of the model.

Subsection (c) details yearly supply by station and shows the load factor per station for generation plant type. The Load factor of a station is its utilization factor and is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Supplied MWh in year } t_y \text{ from station}}{8760 \times \text{MW capacity of station in year } t_y}$$

It is to be noted that none of Guinea's thermal stations dispatch electricity but uses only the old and new hydropower stations. The thermal station fuel costs are very high.

Subsection (d) lists MWh of energy imported in each year by export country.

Subsection (e) lists exported MWh per year by import country.

### Section E: Costs and Revenues

There would be a section (a) with fuel cost for old thermal stations, had the model used the thermal stations to generate supply.

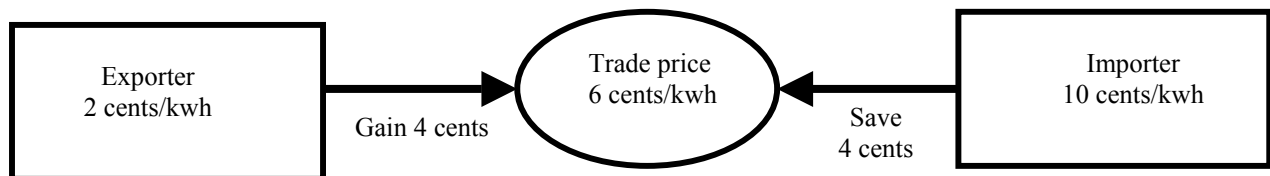
Subsection (b) gives the undiscounted O & M cost for the existing new hydro and total O & M cost for the entire planning horizon.

Subsection (c) shows water cost per year for the hydro stations. Water costs are obtained by multiplying MWh (in subsection (c) of section D) by water cost assumed to be \$1.5/MWh in the model<sup>1</sup>.

Subsection (d) provides information on the capital cost components of the objective function, showing the annual “levelised” (i.e., multiplied by cost recovery factor – crf) cost per year for construction, by station type. Figures are first given in yearly undiscounted, then in yearly discounted (PV) dollars. Total discounted cost for the horizon is given at the end of the section. Total capital cost for Guinea is US \$893.98 million, which represents 81 % of the total cost for Guinea (see page 1 of the output). This total cost figure is substantially reduced to about \$227 million when adjusted by export revenue and expenditures for imports (see section G).

### Section F: Gains from trade

This section provides the information on the revenues from exports and the payments for imports for trading both energy and reserves. The gain from trade for each exporting country is the increased revenue from trade transactions. The gain from trade for the importing country is the cost savings from not running the more costly domestic generation.



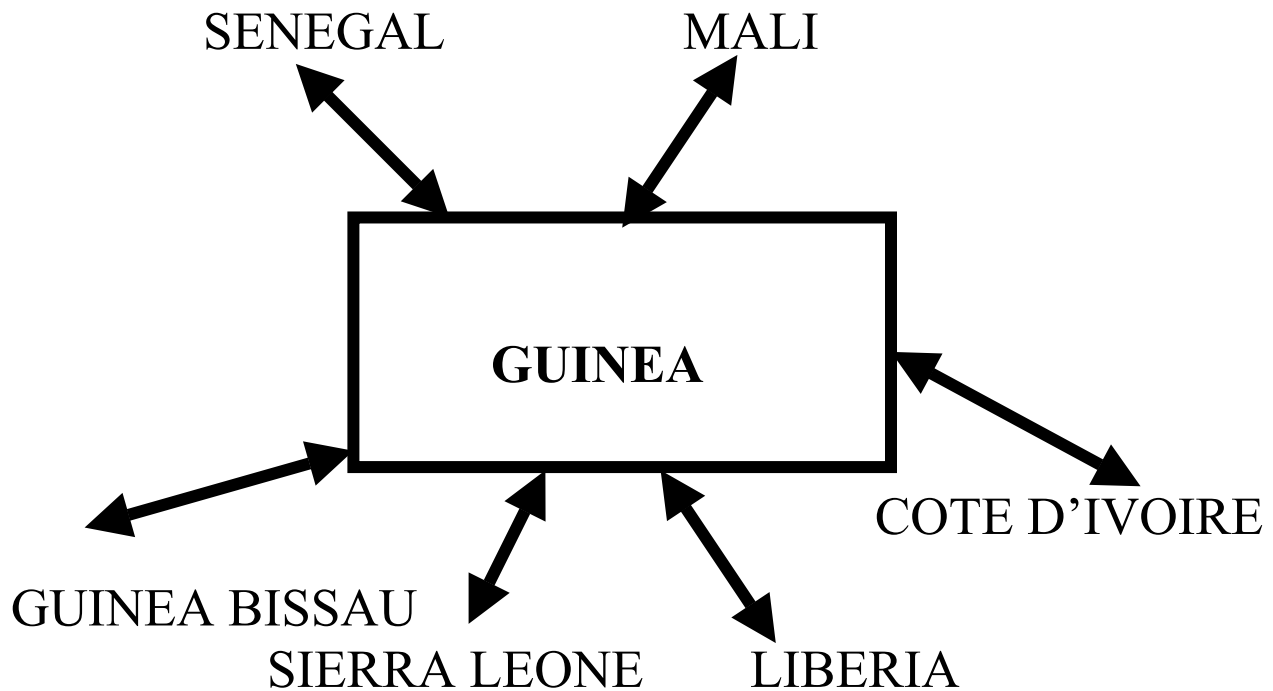
### Section G: Objective Function breakdown

This section gives the term-by-term breakdown of all terms in the objective function for each year. All values are discounted. Cost components are provided in the subsections

- (a) Yearly capital costs by plant
- (b) Cost of unserved Megawatts (if any)
- (c) Fixed O & M cost associated with construction
- (d) Fuel costs
- (e) Cost of unserved energy (if any)
- (f) Cost of water
- (g) Variable O & M costs

## GUINEA

<i>Station Name</i>	<i>MW</i>	<i>Station Type</i>	<i>Station Code #</i>
<b>Guinea</b> – Received Dec11, 2000			
TomboI	12.4	PGO	Gui Stat1
TomboII	8.6	PGO	Gui Stat2
TomboIII	44.0	PGO	Gui Stat3
TinkissoKinkon (ROR,1.5+3.2)	4.7	H	Gui Stat1
Donkea	15.0	H	Gui Stat2
Baneah	5.0	H	Gui Stat3
GrandeChutes(ROR)	27.0	H	Gui Stat4
Garafiri	75.0	H	Gui Stat5
Tiopo	120.0	HN	Gui Stat1
ComplexeSouapitiKaleta	975.0	HN	Gui Stat2
<b>Fomi</b>	90.0	HN	Gui Stat3
FelloSounga	82.0	HN	Gui Stat4
Gaoual	39.0	HN	Gui Stat5
<b>Morisanako</b>	100.0	HN	Gui Stat6
Koukoutamba	281.0	HN	Gui Stat7
Gulde	45.0	HN	Gui Stat8



Total Regional Cost = \$16,521,699,833.97

**Guinea COST FOR HORIZON = 1,097,518,797.33**

This Run has 10 Periods. Each Period = 2 years

Program Execution Date 04/26/01

Solver Status = NORMAL COMPLETION

Model Status = OPTIMAL SOLUTION FOUND

A) CHOSEN PROJECTS

Const. Cost is the Construction Cost in Undiscounted Dollars

OLD THERMAL EXPANSION

Period	Country	Station	Capacity Added	Const. Cost
per10	Gui	Stat1	10 MW	\$ 8.64E+6
per10	Gui	Stat2	10 MW	\$ 8.64E+6

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NEW HYDRO PROJECTS

Period	Country	Station	Capacity Added	Const. Cost
per1	Gui	newh2	142 MW	\$ 1.71E+8
per2	Gui	newh2	437 MW	\$ 5.28E+8
per3	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per4	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per4	Gui	newh3	43 MW	\$ 7.82E+7
per4	Gui	newh7	98 MW	\$ 1.54E+8
per5	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per5	Gui	newh3	0 MW	\$ 1.56E+5
per5	Gui	newh7	0 MW	\$ 3.08E+5
per6	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per6	Gui	newh3	0 MW	\$ 1.56E+5
per6	Gui	newh4	8 MW	\$ 1.65E+7
per6	Gui	newh7	0 MW	\$ 3.08E+5
per7	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per7	Gui	newh3	0 MW	\$ 1.56E+5
per7	Gui	newh4	30 MW	\$ 5.97E+7
per7	Gui	newh6	60 MW	\$ 1.42E+8
per7	Gui	newh7	0 MW	\$ 3.08E+5
per8	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per8	Gui	newh3	0 MW	\$ 1.56E+5
per8	Gui	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.52E+5

per8	Gui	newh6	0 MW	\$ 2.84E+5
per8	Gui	newh7	0 MW	\$ 3.08E+5
per9	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per9	Gui	newh3	0 MW	\$ 1.56E+5
per9	Gui	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.52E+5
per9	Gui	newh6	0 MW	\$ 2.84E+5
per9	Gui	newh7	0 MW	\$ 3.08E+5
per10	Gui	newh1	68 MW	\$ 1.68E+8
per10	Gui	newh2	1 MW	\$ 1.40E+6
per10	Gui	newh3	0 MW	\$ 1.56E+5
per10	Gui	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.52E+5
per10	Gui	newh6	0 MW	\$ 2.84E+5
per10	Gui	newh7	0 MW	\$ 3.08E+5

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## NEW TRANSMISSION PROJECTS

Period	Between			Capacity Added
per2	Gui	and	ICo	10 MW
per2	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per2	Gui	and	Lib	0 MW
per2	Gui	and	Sen	4 MW
per2	Gui	and	SLe	0 MW
per3	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per3	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per4	Gui	and	ICo	3 MW
per4	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per4	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per5	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per5	Gui	and	Lib	0 MW
per5	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per5	Gui	and	SLe	0 MW
per6	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per6	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per6	Gui	and	SLe	0 MW
per7	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per7	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per8	Gui	and	GBi	0 MW
per8	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per9	Gui	and	Mal	1 MW
per9	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW
per10	Gui	and	Mal	0 MW
per10	Gui	and	Sen	1 MW

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## NEW TRANSMISSION EXPANSION

Period	Between	Capacity Added
per2	Gui and ICo	326 MW
per2	Gui and GBi	6 MW
per2	Gui and Lib	3 MW
per2	Gui and Sen	143 MW
per2	Gui and SLe	13 MW
per3	Gui and GBi	1 MW
per3	Gui and Sen	20 MW
per4	Gui and ICo	110 MW
per4	Gui and GBi	1 MW
per4	Gui and Sen	24 MW
per5	Gui and GBi	1 MW
per5	Gui and Lib	17 MW
per5	Gui and Sen	21 MW
per5	Gui and SLe	30 MW
per6	Gui and GBi	2 MW
per6	Gui and Sen	22 MW
per6	Gui and SLe	10 MW
per7	Gui and GBi	2 MW
per7	Gui and Sen	24 MW
per8	Gui and GBi	2 MW
per8	Gui and Sen	29 MW
per9	Gui and Mal	30 MW
per9	Gui and Sen	33 MW
per10	Gui and Mal	3 MW
per10	Gui and Sen	37 MW

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## B) RESERVES

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(Generation Reserve + Firm Import Reserve - Firm Exports = Peak Demand)

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
(a) PEAK DEMAND (MW)						
(From input files)						
589	649	716	789			
(b) PEAK LOAD CARRYING CAPABILITY (MW)						
(Adjusted by Decay Rate & Reserve Margin)						
Old Thermal						
54	54	54	70	54	54	54
Old Hydro						
114	113	113	113	114	114	114
New Hydro						
745	745	745	807	527	655	663
Total						
912	912	912	990	695	823	831

## (c) FIRM IMPORT RESERVE (MW)

(Adjusted by line loss, forced outage rate)

Imports From:

Liberia			0	0	0	0	20	20
18	13	10	8					
Mali			0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	28	31					
Senegal			0	0	20	28	21	56
0	0	0	0					
Sierra Leone			0	0	0	13	43	53
52	52	45	41					
Total			0	0	20	41	84	128
71	65	83	80					

## (d) FIRM EXPORTS (MW)

(Unadjusted)

Exports to:

Ivory Coast			0	0	311	416	415	414
369	233	90	0					
Guinea Bissau			0	2	4	6	8	10
12	14	8	11					
Liberia			0	1	2	3	0	0
0	0	0	0					
Senegal			0	0	0	0	0	0
13	80	182	271					
Total			0	3	317	425	423	424
394	328	279	281					

## (f) TOTAL RESERVE CAPACITY (MW)

[ (b) + (c) - (d) = (e) ]

			299	693	399	439	484	534
589	649	716	789					

## (g) TOTAL RESERVE MARGIN (%)

[(b)(Adjusted only by decay)+(c)(Adjusted only by line loss)-(d)-(a)]/[(a)-(c)+(d)]=(f)

Total			11.6%	115.4%	10.7%	10.6%	10.6%	10.6%
10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.6%					

## (i) AUTONOMY FACTOR [Generation Reserve(adjusted for FOR, Decay) / Peak Demand]

Actual			1.089	2.136	1.900	2.043	1.852	1.695
1.688	1.531	1.388	1.367					
Required			0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500					

## (j) MAXIMUM IMPORTS (MW)

[Maximum hourly flow of energy during the year unadjusted]

Imports from:

Guinea Bissau			0	5	4	4	4	4
4	4	5	5					
Liberia			0	3	3	2	20	20
20	20	20	18					
Mali			0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	28	31					

Sierra Leone		0		13		13		13		36		46	
51		52		47		43							

(j) MAXIMUM IMPORTS (MW)

[Time period from which the maximum import flow come from]

Maximum Import time:

FRM	YEAR	SEASON	DAY	HOUR	MW
GBi	per2	winter	peak	hr9	4.6
GBi	per3	winter	peak	hr9	4.4
GBi	per4	winter	peak	hr9	4.1
GBi	per5	winter	peak	hr9	3.8
GBi	per6	winter	peak	hr9	3.6
GBi	per7	winter	peak	hr9	3.9
GBi	per8	winter	peak	hr9	4.3
GBi	per9	winter	peak	hr9	4.8
GBi	per10	winter	peak	hr9	5.1
Lib	per2	summer	peak	hr9	3.1
Lib	per2	summer	average	hr9	3.1
Lib	per2	summer	average	avnt	3.1
Lib	per2	summer	average	avdy	3.1
Lib	per2	winter	peak	hr9	3.1
Lib	per2	winter	average	hr9	3.1
Lib	per2	winter	average	avnt	3.1
Lib	per2	winter	average	hr19	3.1
Lib	per3	winter	peak	avdy	3.0
Lib	per4	winter	peak	avdy	2.3
Lib	per5	summer	offpeak	hr9	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	offpeak	avnt	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	offpeak	hr19	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	offpeak	hr20	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	offpeak	hr21	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	offpeak	avdy	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	peak	hr9	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	peak	avnt	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	peak	hr19	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	peak	hr20	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	peak	hr21	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	peak	avdy	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	average	hr9	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	average	avnt	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	average	hr19	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	average	hr20	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	average	hr21	20.0
Lib	per5	summer	average	avdy	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	offpeak	hr9	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	offpeak	avnt	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	offpeak	hr19	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	offpeak	hr20	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	offpeak	hr21	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	offpeak	avdy	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	peak	hr9	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	peak	avnt	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	peak	hr19	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	peak	hr20	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	peak	hr21	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	peak	avdy	20.0

Lib	per5	winter	average	hr9	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	average	avnt	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	average	hr19	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	average	hr20	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	average	hr21	20.0
Lib	per5	winter	average	avdy	20.0
Lib	per6	summer	offpeak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	offpeak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	offpeak	hr19	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	offpeak	hr20	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	offpeak	hr21	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	offpeak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	peak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	peak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	peak	hr19	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	peak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	average	hr9	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	average	avnt	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	average	hr19	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	average	hr20	19.9
Lib	per6	summer	average	avdy	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	offpeak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	offpeak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	offpeak	hr19	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	offpeak	hr20	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	offpeak	hr21	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	offpeak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	peak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	peak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	peak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	average	hr9	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	average	avnt	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	average	hr19	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	average	hr20	19.9
Lib	per6	winter	average	avdy	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	offpeak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	offpeak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	offpeak	hr19	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	offpeak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	peak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	peak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	peak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	average	hr9	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	average	avnt	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	average	hr19	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	average	hr20	19.9
Lib	per7	summer	average	avdy	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	offpeak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	offpeak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	offpeak	hr19	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	offpeak	hr20	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	offpeak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	peak	hr9	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	peak	avnt	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	peak	avdy	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	average	hr9	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	average	avnt	19.9

Lib	per7	winter	average	hr19	19.9
Lib	per7	winter	average	avdy	19.9
Lib	per8	summer	offpeak	avdy	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	peak	hr9	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	peak	avnt	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	peak	avdy	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	average	hr9	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	average	avnt	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	average	hr19	19.8
Lib	per8	summer	average	avdy	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	offpeak	avdy	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	peak	hr9	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	peak	avnt	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	peak	avdy	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	average	hr9	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	average	avnt	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	average	hr19	19.8
Lib	per8	winter	average	avdy	19.8
Lib	per9	winter	average	hr19	19.6
Lib	per10	winter	average	hr19	18.2
Mal	per9	winter	average	avdy	28.3
Mal	per10	summer	offpeak	hr20	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	offpeak	hr21	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	offpeak	avdy	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	peak	hr19	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	peak	hr20	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	peak	hr21	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	average	hr19	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	average	hr20	31.4
Mal	per10	summer	average	hr21	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	offpeak	hr20	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	offpeak	hr21	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	peak	hr19	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	peak	hr20	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	peak	hr21	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	average	hr19	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	average	hr20	31.4
Mal	per10	winter	average	hr21	31.4
SLe	per2	winter	average	avdy	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	offpeak	hr9	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	offpeak	avnt	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	offpeak	hr20	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	offpeak	hr21	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	offpeak	avdy	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	peak	avnt	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	peak	hr20	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	average	hr9	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	average	avnt	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	average	hr19	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	average	hr21	13.0
SLe	per3	summer	average	avdy	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	offpeak	hr9	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	offpeak	hr19	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	offpeak	avdy	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	peak	hr20	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	peak	hr21	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	average	avnt	13.0

SLe	per3	winter	average	hr19	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	average	hr21	13.0
SLe	per3	winter	average	avdy	13.0
SLe	per4	summer	offpeak	hr9	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	offpeak	avnt	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	offpeak	hr19	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	offpeak	hr20	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	offpeak	hr21	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	offpeak	avdy	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	peak	hr9	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	peak	avnt	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	peak	hr21	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	peak	avdy	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	average	avnt	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	average	hr19	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	average	hr20	12.9
SLe	per4	summer	average	hr21	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	offpeak	hr19	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	offpeak	hr21	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	peak	hr9	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	peak	avnt	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	peak	hr20	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	average	hr9	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	average	avnt	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	average	hr19	12.9
SLe	per4	winter	average	hr20	12.9
SLe	per5	winter	average	avnt	36.2
SLe	per6	winter	peak	hr20	45.7
SLe	per7	winter	peak	hr20	51.0
SLe	per8	winter	average	hr20	51.7
SLe	per9	winter	average	hr20	46.6
SLe	per10	winter	peak	hr20	43.5

## (k) MAXIMUM EXPORTS (MW)

[Maximum hourly flow of energy during the year unadjusted]

Exports to:

Ivory Coast		0	312	311	416	415	394
413	410	305	312				
Guinea Bissau		0	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14				
Liberia		0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Senegal		0	133	151	173	193	213
235	262	292	325				
Sierra Leone		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	20	24				

## (j) MAXIMUM EXPORTS (MW)

[Time period from which the maximum export flow come from]

Maximum Export time:

TO	YEAR	SEASON	DAY	HOUR	MW
ICo	per2	summer	offpeak	avnt	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	offpeak	hr20	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	offpeak	avdy	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	peak	hr9	312.1

ICo	per2	summer	peak	avnt	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	peak	hr19	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	peak	hr20	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	peak	hr21	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	peak	avdy	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	average	hr9	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	average	hr19	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	average	hr20	312.1
ICo	per2	summer	average	avdy	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	offpeak	avnt	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	offpeak	hr20	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	offpeak	avdy	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	peak	hr9	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	peak	avnt	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	peak	hr19	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	peak	hr20	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	peak	hr21	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	peak	avdy	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	average	hr9	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	average	avnt	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	average	hr19	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	average	hr20	312.1
ICo	per2	winter	average	avdy	312.1
ICo	per3	summer	peak	hr9	311.5
ICo	per3	winter	peak	hr9	311.5
ICo	per3	winter	average	hr9	311.5
ICo	per3	winter	average	avnt	311.5
ICo	per4	winter	peak	hr9	415.9
ICo	per4	winter	average	hr19	415.9
ICo	per5	winter	peak	hr9	415.1
ICo	per6	winter	average	hr19	394.2
ICo	per7	summer	offpeak	hr9	413.5
ICo	per7	winter	offpeak	hr9	413.5
ICo	per7	winter	average	avdy	413.5
ICo	per8	winter	average	hr9	410.3
ICo	per9	winter	average	hr19	305.3
ICo	per10	winter	average	hr19	312.4
GBi	per2	summer	offpeak	hr21	6.0
GBi	per2	summer	peak	hr21	6.0
GBi	per3	summer	offpeak	hr20	7.2
GBi	per4	summer	offpeak	hr20	7.9
GBi	per4	summer	offpeak	hr21	7.9
GBi	per4	summer	peak	hr21	7.9
GBi	per5	summer	offpeak	hr20	8.7
GBi	per5	summer	offpeak	hr21	8.7
GBi	per5	summer	peak	hr21	8.7
GBi	per6	summer	offpeak	hr21	9.8
GBi	per7	summer	offpeak	hr21	10.8
GBi	per8	summer	offpeak	hr21	11.9
GBi	per9	summer	offpeak	hr21	13.1
GBi	per10	summer	offpeak	hr21	14.1
GBi	per10	summer	peak	hr21	14.1
Lib	per4	summer	offpeak	hr21	0.5
Sen	per2	summer	average	avdy	132.6
Sen	per3	summer	offpeak	hr21	151.3
Sen	per3	summer	peak	hr20	151.3
Sen	per3	summer	peak	hr21	151.3

Sen	per3	summer	peak	avdy	151.3
Sen	per3	summer	average	hr20	151.3
Sen	per3	summer	average	hr21	151.3
Sen	per3	winter	peak	hr21	151.3
Sen	per3	winter	average	hr20	151.3
Sen	per3	winter	average	hr21	151.3
Sen	per4	summer	offpeak	hr21	173.3
Sen	per4	summer	peak	hr20	173.3
Sen	per4	summer	peak	hr21	173.3
Sen	per4	summer	peak	avdy	173.3
Sen	per4	summer	average	hr20	173.3
Sen	per4	summer	average	hr21	173.3
Sen	per4	winter	peak	hr21	173.3
Sen	per4	winter	average	hr21	173.3
Sen	per5	winter	peak	hr21	192.7
Sen	per6	summer	offpeak	hr21	212.6
Sen	per6	summer	peak	hr20	212.6
Sen	per6	summer	peak	hr21	212.6
Sen	per6	summer	average	hr20	212.6
Sen	per6	summer	average	hr21	212.6
Sen	per6	winter	peak	hr21	212.6
Sen	per7	summer	peak	hr21	234.8
Sen	per8	summer	offpeak	hr21	261.6
Sen	per8	summer	peak	hr20	261.6
Sen	per8	summer	peak	hr21	261.6
Sen	per8	summer	peak	avdy	261.6
Sen	per8	summer	average	hr20	261.6
Sen	per8	summer	average	hr21	261.6
Sen	per8	winter	peak	hr21	261.6
Sen	per8	winter	average	hr21	261.6
Sen	per9	summer	peak	avdy	291.6
Sen	per10	summer	offpeak	hr21	325.3
Sen	per10	summer	peak	hr20	325.3
Sen	per10	summer	peak	hr21	325.3
Sen	per10	summer	peak	avdy	325.3
Sen	per10	summer	average	hr20	325.3
Sen	per10	summer	average	hr21	325.3
Sen	per10	winter	peak	hr21	325.3
Sen	per10	winter	average	hr21	325.3
SLe	per9	summer	offpeak	hr9	20.0
SLe	per10	summer	offpeak	avnt	24.0

=====									
C) INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE GENERATION CAPACITY									
=====									
(a) GENERATION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]									
Incremental									
Old Thermal									
0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Hydro									
92	2	2	70	142	437	1	143	1	10
(b) GENERATION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]									
Cumulative									



Old Thermal	65	65	65	65	65	65
65	65	65	85			
New Hydro	142	579	581	723	725	735
826	828	830	900			
Old Hydro	127	127	127	127	127	127
127	127	127	127			

## (c) NEW TRANSMISSION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]

## Incremental

Ivory Coast	0	336	0	113	0	0
0	0	0				
Guinea Bissau	0	6	1	1	1	2
2	2	0				
Liberia	0	3	0	0	18	0
0	0	0				
Mali	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	30	3			
Senegal	0	147	21	25	22	23
25	30	34	38			
Sierra Leone	0	13	0	0	31	10
0	0	0	0			

## (d) NEW TRANSMISSION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]

## Cumulative

Ivory Coast	0	336	336	449	449	449
449	449	449	449			
Guinea Bissau	0	6	7	8	9	11
13	15	15				
Liberia	0	3	3	3	21	21
21	21	21	21			
Mali	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	30	34			
Senegal	0	147	168	193	215	238
263	293	327	365			
Sierra Leone	0	13	13	13	44	55
55	55	55	55			

=====

## D) DEMAND/SUPPLY

=====

(Energy Demand + Energy Exported + Energy Dumped = Energy Generation + Energy Imported + Energy Unserved)

-----

## (a) ENERGY DEMAND (MWh/Year) [Yearly Total]

Local Demand	1556792	1849624	2135621	2376544	2620140	2888704
3184796	3511238	3871140	4267932			
Exports	0	3808419	3495939	4457496	4373974	4155219
4788646	4450838	4123168	4133574			
Total	1556792	5658043	5631560	6834040	6994114	7043923
7973442	7962076	7994308	8401506			

(b) ENERGY SUPPLY (MWh/Year)		[Yearly Total]					
Old Thermal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Old Hydro	325173	493500	493500	493500	493500	493500	493500
493500	493500	493500	493500				
New Hydro	1231618	5023000	5023000	6255000	6255000	6326887	
7110700	7110700	7110700	7700700				
Imports	0	141543	115060	85540	245614	223536	
369242	357876	390108	207306				
Total	1556792	5658043	5631560	6834040	6994114	7043923	
7973442	7962076	7994308	8401506				

## (c) SUPPLY, BY STATION TYPE

Old Thermal Generation (MWh)		[Yearly, by Station]					
Station:							
Stat1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Stat2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Stat3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				

Old Thermal Load Factor		[Yearly, by Station]					
Station:							
Stat1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Stat2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Stat3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				

Old Hydro Generation (MWh)		[Yearly, by Station]					
Station:							
Stat1	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500	9500
9500	9500	9500	9500				
Stat2	70000	70000	70000	70000	70000	70000	70000
70000	70000	70000	70000				
Stat3	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000
10000	10000	10000	10000				
Stat4	140000	140000	140000	140000	140000	140000	140000
140000	140000	140000	140000				
Stat5	95673	264000	264000	264000	264000	264000	264000
264000	264000	264000	264000				
Total	325173	493500	493500	493500	493500	493500	493500
493500	493500	493500	493500				

Old Hydro Load Factor		[Yearly, by Station]					
Station:							
Stat1	23.12	23.17	23.21	23.26	23.31	23.35	
23.40	23.45	23.49	23.54				
Stat2	53.38	53.49	53.59	53.70	53.81	53.92	
54.02	54.13	54.24	54.35				
Stat3	22.88	22.92	22.97	23.01	23.06	23.11	
23.15	23.20	23.25	23.29				

Stat4		59.31	59.43	59.55	59.67	59.79	59.91
60.03	60.15	60.27	60.39				
Stat5		14.59	40.34	40.42	40.51	40.59	40.67
40.75	40.83	40.91	40.99				

## New Hydro Generation (MWh) [Yearly, by Station]

Station:							
newh1		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	590000				
newh2		1231618	5023000	5023000	5023000	5023000	5023000
5023000	5023000	5023000	5023000				
newh3		0	0	0	374000	374000	374000
374000	374000	374000	374000				
newh4		0	0	0	0	0	71887
332700	332700	332700	332700				
newh6		0	0	0	0	0	0
523000	523000	523000	523000				
newh7		0	0	0	858000	858000	858000
858000	858000	858000	858000				
Total		1231618	5023000	5023000	6255000	6255000	6326887
7110700	7110700	7110700	7700700				

## New Hydro Load Factor [Yearly, by Station]

Station:							
newh1		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	98.86				
newh2		99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00
99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00				
newh3		0.00	0.00	0.00	98.86	98.86	98.86
98.86	98.86	98.86	98.86				
newh4		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	98.86
98.86	98.86	98.86	98.86				
newh6		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00				
newh7		0.00	0.00	0.00	99.50	99.50	99.50
99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50				

## (D) ENERGY IMPORTED (MWh/Year)

Imported From:							
Guinea Bissau		0	2943	1788	692	252	133
147	162	179	168				
Liberia		0	24837	18312	12016	174843	174494
173810	171938	138401	126329				
Mali		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	223820	65935				
Sierra Leone		0	113763	94960	72832	70519	48909
195285	185775	27708	14874				
Total		0	141543	115060	85540	245614	223536
369242	357876	390108	207306				

## (e) ENERGY EXPORTED (MWh/Year)

Exported To:							
Ivory Coast		0	2721934	2252506	3041322	2796046	2410749
2863267	2307101	1671249	1361805				
Guinea Bissau		0	16766	23410	30678	38347	46654
51436	56708	62520	69737				

Liberia		0	0	0	133	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Senegal		0	1069719	1220023	1385363	1539581	1697816
1873943	2087029	2325829	2593635				
Sierra Leone		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	63569	108397				
Total		0	3808419	3495939	4457496	4373974	4155219
4788646	4450838	4123168	4133574				

=====

E) COST & REVENUES

=====

## (b) O &amp; M COSTS (\$/Year)

## Undiscounted

Old Hydro	842860	2245020	2245020	2245020	2245020	2245020
2245020	2245020	2245020	2245020			
New Hydro	3210478	1.31E+7	1.31E+7	1.66E+7	1.66E+7	1.70E+7
2.12E+7	2.13E+7	2.13E+7	2.48E+7			

Total Discounted O & M Cost for Horizon = \$141247249

## (c) WATER COSTS (\$/Year)

## Undiscounted

Old Hydro	162587	246750	246750	246750	246750	246750
246750	246750	246750	246750			
New Hydro	615809	2511500	2511500	3127500	3127500	3163444
3555350	3555350	3555350	3850350			

Total Discounted Water Cost for Horizon = \$24530942

## (d) CAPITAL COSTS

levelized(t) = (construction cost)(crf) in all t following construction

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012	2014
2016	2018	2020	Total				

## NEW HYDRO STATIONS

Station	Undiscounted Levelized Dollars						
newh1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2.2E+7	2.2E+7				
newh2	2.3E+7	9.2E+7	9.3E+7	9.3E+7	9.3E+7	9.3E+7	9.3E+7
9.3E+7	9.4E+7	9.4E+7	8.6E+8				
newh3	0	0	0	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	1.0E+7
1.0E+7	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	7.3E+7				
newh4	0	0	0	0	0	2.2E+6	1.0E+7
1.0E+7	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	4.3E+7				
newh6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.9E+7
1.9E+7	1.9E+7	1.9E+7	7.5E+7				
newh7	0	0	0	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7
2.1E+7	2.1E+7	2.1E+7	1.4E+8				
Station	Discounted Levelized Dollars						
newh1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	3.6E+6	3.6E+6				

newh2	2.1E+7	6.9E+7	5.7E+7	4.8E+7	3.9E+7	3.3E+7	2.7E+7	
2.2E+7	1.8E+7	1.5E+7	3.5E+8					
newh3	0	0	0	5.3E+6	4.4E+6	3.6E+6	3.0E+6	
2.5E+6	2.1E+6	1.7E+6	2.3E+7					
newh4	0	0	0	0	0	777183	3.0E+6	
2.5E+6	2.0E+6	1.7E+6	9.9E+6					
newh6	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.4E+6	
4.5E+6	3.7E+6	3.1E+6	1.7E+7					
newh7	0	0	0	1.0E+7	8.6E+6	7.1E+6	5.9E+6	
4.9E+6	4.1E+6	3.4E+6	4.4E+7					

Total Discounted Cost for Horizon = \$893984588

=====

#### F) GAINS FROM TRADE

=====

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
REVENUE FROM EXPORTS						
EXPORTED TO:						
Ivory Coas		0   98120577	73916963	88163553	66990997	50662248
51824693	34473258	18399865	11163486			
Guinea Bis		0   676138	867348	986401	1010810	1017614
966318	880069	718128	625201			
Liberia		0   0	0	3966	0	0
0	0	0	0			
Senegal		0   40197157	43229382	43256799	39731994	38349218
36403472	33476863	27636582	23072184			
Sierra Leo		0   0	0	0	0	0
0	0	707253	894710			
PAYMENTS FOR IMPORTS						
IMPORTED FROM:						
Guinea Bis		0   105085	60734	20805	6268	2904
2758	2507	2010	1403			
Liberia		0   792657	615883	357466	4187936	3588552
3190753	2610379	1565548	1064557			
Mali		0   0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2499895	582812			
Sierra Leo		0   3666638	3195017	2166778	1734742	1059108
3629224	2855359	366500	160424			
REVENUE FROM RESERVES						
EXPORTED TO:						
Ivory Coas		0	0	2532406	5337793	13929394
17958504	10174827	4497565	0			
Guinea Bis		0	0	1	1	151345
676179	746699	393862	609299			
Liberia		0	0	0	4532	0
0	0	0	0			
Senegal		0	0	0	0	0
650500	3622679	9395011	15591167			

## PAYMENTS FOR RESERVES

## IMPORTED FROM:

Liberia		0		0		0		340248		490619	
909161		563926		531532		454220					
Mali		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		1369640		1698982					
Senegal		0		0		1		4		420055	
0		0		0		0				1730009	
Sierra Leo		0		0		0		1		552378	
1990810		2311432		2282125		2330551				1279188	

Year		2002		2004		2006		2008		2010		2012	
2014		2016		2018		2020							
Average Buying Price Present Value		0.00		16.12		16.82		14.88		12.07		10.40	
9.24		7.64		5.68		4.36							
Average Selling Price Present Value		0.00		19.01		17.54		15.45		12.79		11.23	
9.66		8.00		5.93		4.44							
Average Buying Price Real Dollars		0.00		21.49		27.14		29.03		28.50		29.72	
31.94		31.96		28.77		26.73							
Average Selling Price Real Dollars		0.00		25.34		28.29		30.16		30.21		32.09	
33.40		33.46		30.02		27.22							

Year		2002		2004		2006		2008		2010		2012	
2014		2016		2018		2020							
Average Buying Price Present Value		0		0		0		0		7827		13672	
20525		22137		25137		27947							
Average Selling Price Present Value		0		0		4202		6613		17517		18759	
25684		23102		26271		29234							
Average Buying Price Real Dollars		0		0		0		0		18484		39068	
70964		92610		127248		171179							
Average Selling Price Real Dollars		0		0		6778		12907		41366		53602	
88803		96650		132989		179066							

=====

## G) OBJECTIVE FUNCTION BREAKDOWN (Present Value)

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Year		2002		2004		2006		2008		2010		2012	
2014		2016		2018		2020							
FIXED COSTS													
(a) Capital Costs													
OT		0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		918001									
LC		0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		0									

0	CC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	CT	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	SC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Old H	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88591372	New H	41083035	138540607	114725136	126433239	104698455	88254060
73361264	88591372	60749188	57548232				
0	Pumped H	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3569221	New Line	0	5820534	5037071	5237559	4800805	4161852
3076787	3569221	2749881	2384308				
0	Old Line	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(b) Unserved MegaWatts						
0	UM	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(c) Fixed O&M						
0	LC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	CC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	CT	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	SC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11466894	New H	5381221	18146605	15027159	15747182	13040124	11028662
9495576	11466894	7863124	7608722				
0	Pumped H	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	VARIABLE COSTS						
	(d) Fuel Costs						
0	Old T	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	LC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	CC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	CT	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	SC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(e) Unserved Energy						
0	Un En	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(f) Water Costs						
2056601	New H	1117959	3768147	3114171	3204950	2648719	2214182
1699671	2056601	1404686	1257222				
142733	Old H	295165	370213	305961	252861	208976	172707
117961	142733	97489	80569				
	(g) Variable O&M						
0	Old T	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	LC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CC		0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0		0
CT		0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0		0
SC		0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0		0
New H		447184		1507259		1245668		1281980		1059487		885673
822641		679868		561875		502889						
Old H		1530155		3368332		2783745		2300616		1901335		1571352
1298638		1073254		886987		733047						
Old PH		0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0		0
New PH		0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total		49854720		171521696		142238910		154458385		128357900		108288487
107948099		89504381		74313230		71032989						

TOTAL COST FOR HORIZON = 1097518797.33

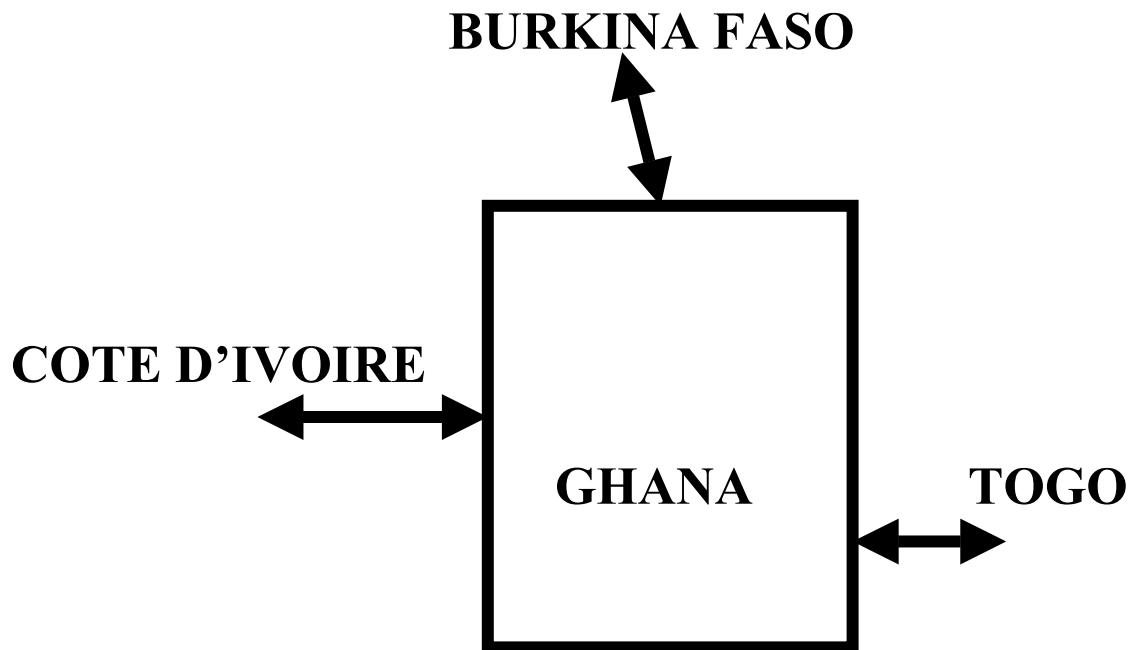
MWh Exp		0		-1.390E+8		-1.180E+8		-1.324E+8		-1.077E+8		-90029080
-89194483		-68830190		-47461827		-35755580						
MWh Imp		0		4564381		3871633		2545050		5928946		4650564
6822736		5468244		4433953		1809196						
Res Exp		0		0		-2532407		-5342327		-14080739		-15142577
-19285183		-14544205		-14286438		-16200466						
Res Imp		0		0		1		5		1312681		3499817
2899971		2875357		4183296		4483752						
Total		49854720		37092205		25564444		19250395		13784986		11267212
9191140		14473588		21182214		25369891						

TOTAL COST FOR HORIZON WITH REVENUE AND PAYMENTS = 227030793.94



## GHANA

<b>Ghana</b> – Received Dec14, 2000			
<i>Station Name</i>	<i>MW</i>	<i>Station Type</i>	<i>Station Code #</i>
TAPCOtakoradi-1	330.0	PGO	Gha Stat1
TICOtakoradi-2	220.0	PGO	Gha Stat2
TICOtakoradi-3	330.0	PGNCC	Gha Stat1
TEMA	1980.0	PGNCC	Gha Stat2
Akosombo	912.0	H	Gha Stat1
Kpong	160.0	H	Gha Stat2
Bui	400.0	HN	Gha Stat1
Juale	87.0	HN	Gha Stat2
Pwalugu	48.0	HN	Gha Stat3
Hemang	93.0	HN	Gha Stat4



Total Cost = \$16521699833.97

**Ghana COST FOR HORIZON = 656894313.95**

This Run has 10 Periods. Each Period = 2 years

Program Execution Date 04/26/01

Solver Status = NORMAL COMPLETION

Model Status = OPTIMAL SOLUTION FOUND

A) CHOSEN PROJECTS

Const. Cost is the Construction Cost in Undiscounted Dollars

COMBINED CYCLE PROJECTS

Period	Country	Station	Capacity Added	Const. Cost
per4	Gha	NS1	37 MW	\$ 1.36E+7
per5	Gha	NS1	207 MW	\$ 7.53E+7
per6	Gha	NS1	85 MW	\$ 3.10E+7

NEW HYDRO PROJECTS

Period	Country	Station	Capacity Added	Const. Cost
per1	Gha	newh1	115 MW	\$ 1.39E+8
per1	Gha	newh4	40 MW	\$ 6.79E+7
per2	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per2	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per3	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per3	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per4	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per4	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per5	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per5	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per6	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per6	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per7	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per7	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per8	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per8	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per9	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per9	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5
per10	Gha	newh1	0 MW	\$ 2.77E+5
per10	Gha	newh4	0 MW	\$ 1.36E+5

=====

OLD HYDRO EXPANSION

Period	Country	Station	Capacity Added	Const. Cost
per4	Gha	Stat1	106 MW	\$ 7.76E+7
per5	Gha	Stat1	10 MW	\$ 7.19E+6
per6	Gha	Stat1	34 MW	\$ 2.47E+7

=====

OLD TRANSMISSION EXPANSION

Period	Between			Capacity Added
per2	Gha	and	ICo	112 MW
per2	Gha	and	Tog	342 MW
per3	Gha	and	ICo	216 MW
per4	Gha	and	ICo	40 MW
per7	Gha	and	Tog	163 MW
per8	Gha	and	Tog	365 MW
per9	Gha	and	Tog	458 MW
per10	Gha	and	ICo	246 MW
per10	Gha	and	Tog	727 MW

=====

B) RESERVES

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(Generation Reserve + Firm Import Reserve - Firm Exports = Peak Demand)

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
(a) PEAK DEMAND (MW)						
(From input files)	1231	1383	1583	1746	1924	2122
2339	2579	2843	3135			
(b) PEAK LOAD CARRYING CAPABILITY (MW)						
(Adjusted by Decay Rate & Reserve Margin)						
Combined Cycle	0	0	0	31	206	277
276	276	275	275			
Old Thermal	461	460	459	459	458	457
456	455	454	453			

Old Hydro		973	971	969	1063	1070	1099
1097	1094	1092	1090				
New Hydro		140	140	140	140	140	140
140	140	140	140				
Total		1574	1571	1569	1694	1874	1973
1969	1965	1962	1958				

(c) FIRM IMPORT RESERVE (MW)  
(Adjusted by line loss, forced outage rate)

Imports From:							
Ivory Coast		0	394	585	611	599	522
295	0	0	0				
Togo		0	0	0	0	0	0
75	614	1262	2002				
Total		0	394	585	611	599	522
370	614	1262	2002				

(d) FIRM EXPORTS (MW)  
(Unadjusted)

Exports to:							
Ivory Coast		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	381	825				
Togo		25	582	571	559	548	373
0	0	0	0				
Total		25	582	571	559	548	373
0	0	381	825				

(f) TOTAL RESERVE CAPACITY (MW)  
[ (b) + (c) - (d) = (e) ]

		1549	1383	1583	1746	1924	2122
2339	2579	2843	3135				

(g) TOTAL RESERVE MARGIN (%)  
[(b)(Adjusted only by decay)+(c)(Adjusted only by line loss)-(d)-(a)]/[(a)-(c)+(d)]=(f)

Total		41.2%	12.6%	12.6%	12.6%	13.2%	13.3%
13.3%	13.3%	13.3%	13.3%				

(i) AUTONOMY FACTOR [Generation Reserve(adjusted for FOR, Decay) / Peak Demand]

Actual		1.396	1.240	1.081	1.059	1.071	1.025
0.928	0.840	0.761	0.689				
Required		0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500				

(j) MAXIMUM IMPORTS (MW)  
[Maximum hourly flow of energy during the year unadjusted]

Imports from:							
Ivory Coast		286	57	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Togo		0	363	354	399	389	464
638	960	1361	2002				

(j) MAXIMUM IMPORTS (MW)  
[Time period from which the maximum import flow come from]  
Maximum Import time:

FRM	YEAR	SEASON	DAY	HOUR	MW
ICo	per1	summer	offpeak	hr9	286.5
ICo	per2	summer	offpeak	avdy	56.8
Tog	per2	winter	offpeak	hr9	362.6
Tog	per3	summer	offpeak	hr9	354.1
Tog	per4	winter	offpeak	hr9	399.1
Tog	per5	winter	offpeak	hr9	388.6
Tog	per6	winter	offpeak	hr9	464.0
Tog	per7	summer	offpeak	hr9	637.7
Tog	per7	summer	offpeak	avnt	637.7
Tog	per7	summer	offpeak	avdy	637.7
Tog	per7	winter	offpeak	hr9	637.7
Tog	per7	winter	offpeak	avnt	637.7
Tog	per7	winter	offpeak	avdy	637.7
Tog	per8	summer	offpeak	hr9	959.9
Tog	per8	summer	offpeak	avnt	959.9
Tog	per8	summer	offpeak	avdy	959.9
Tog	per8	winter	offpeak	hr9	959.9
Tog	per8	winter	offpeak	avnt	959.9
Tog	per8	winter	offpeak	avdy	959.9
Tog	per9	summer	offpeak	hr9	1361.3
Tog	per9	summer	offpeak	avnt	1361.3
Tog	per9	summer	offpeak	avdy	1361.3
Tog	per9	summer	peak	avnt	1361.3
Tog	per9	summer	average	avnt	1361.3
Tog	per9	winter	offpeak	hr9	1361.3
Tog	per9	winter	offpeak	avnt	1361.3
Tog	per9	winter	offpeak	avdy	1361.3
Tog	per9	winter	peak	avnt	1361.3
Tog	per9	winter	average	avnt	1361.3
Tog	per10	summer	offpeak	hr19	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	offpeak	hr20	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	offpeak	hr21	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	peak	hr19	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	peak	hr20	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	peak	hr21	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	average	hr19	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	average	hr20	2001.6
Tog	per10	summer	average	hr21	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	offpeak	hr19	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	offpeak	hr20	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	offpeak	hr21	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	peak	hr19	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	peak	hr20	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	peak	hr21	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	average	hr19	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	average	hr20	2001.6
Tog	per10	winter	average	hr21	2001.6

(k) MAXIMUM EXPORTS (MW)

[Maximum hourly flow of energy during the year unadjusted]

Exports to:

Ivory Coast		0	73	225	187	306	294
332	478	593	825				

Togo		92	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				

(j) MAXIMUM EXPORTS (MW)

[Time period from which the maximum export flow come from]

Maximum Export time:

TO	YEAR	SEASON	DAY	HOUR	MW
ICo	per2	winter	peak	hr20	72.7
ICo	per3	summer	offpeak	hr21	225.0
ICo	per4	summer	peak	hr21	186.5
ICo	per5	summer	offpeak	hr20	306.4
ICo	per6	winter	offpeak	hr21	294.1
ICo	per7	summer	offpeak	hr21	332.4
ICo	per8	summer	offpeak	avnt	477.9
ICo	per9	summer	offpeak	avnt	593.0
ICo	per9	summer	offpeak	hr19	593.0
ICo	per9	summer	offpeak	hr20	593.0
ICo	per9	summer	offpeak	hr21	593.0
ICo	per9	summer	peak	hr9	593.0
ICo	per9	summer	peak	avdy	593.0
ICo	per9	summer	average	hr9	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	offpeak	hr19	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	offpeak	hr20	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	peak	avnt	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	peak	avdy	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	average	hr9	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	average	avnt	593.0
ICo	per9	winter	average	avdy	593.0
ICo	per10	summer	peak	hr9	825.0
ICo	per10	summer	peak	hr20	825.0
ICo	per10	summer	peak	hr21	825.0
ICo	per10	summer	average	hr21	825.0
ICo	per10	winter	peak	hr20	825.0
ICo	per10	winter	peak	hr21	825.0
ICo	per10	winter	average	hr21	825.0
Tog	per1	summer	peak	hr19	91.6

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## C) INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE GENERATION CAPACITY

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(a) GENERATION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]

Incremental

Combined Cycle	0	0	0	37	207	85
0	0	0	0			
New Hydro	154	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
Old Hydro	0	0	0	106	10	34
0	0	0	0			

## (b) GENERATION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]

## Cumulative

Old Thermal	550	550	550	550	550	550
550	550	550	550			
Combined Cycle	0	0	0	37	245	330
330	330	330	330			
New Hydro	154	155	155	155	156	156
156	157	157	157			
Old Hydro	1072	1072	1072	1178	1188	1222
1222	1222	1222	1222			

## (e) OLD TRANSMISSION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]

## Incremental

Ivory Coast	0	112	216	40	0	0
0	0	0	246			
Togo	0	342	0	0	0	0
163	365	458	727			

## (f) OLD TRANSMISSION CAPACITY (MW) [Unadjusted]

## Cumulative

Ivory Coast	327	439	655	695	695	695
695	695	695	941			
Togo	256	598	598	598	598	598
761	1126	1584	2310			

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## D) DEMAND/SUPPLY

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(Energy Demand + Energy Exported + Energy Dumped = Energy Generation + Energy Imported + Energy Unserved)

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## (a) ENERGY DEMAND (MWh/Year) [Yearly Total]

Local Demand	7332217	8314562	9432234	1.06E+7	1.17E+7	1.29E+7
1.42E+7	1.57E+7	1.73E+7	1.90E+7			
Exports	621912	85598	808618	519353	1158840	1362735
1626719	2981239	4849462	6239375			
Total	7954128	8400160	1.02E+7	1.11E+7	1.28E+7	1.42E+7
1.58E+7	1.86E+7	2.21E+7	2.53E+7			

## (b) ENERGY SUPPLY (MWh/Year) [Yearly Total]

Combined Cycle	0	0	0	328220	2142524	2885861
2880092	2874335	2795258	2170689			
Old Thermal	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	13	0			
Old Hydro	6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000
6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000			
New Hydro	1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900
1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900			
Imports	518228	964260	2804952	3348469	3259459	3917119
5506676	8322038	1.19E+7	1.57E+7			

Total	7954128	8400160	1.02E+7	1.11E+7	1.28E+7	1.42E+7
1.58E+7	1.86E+7	2.21E+7	2.53E+7			

(c) SUPPLY, BY STATION TYPE

Combined Cycle Generation (MWh) [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
NS1	0	0	0	328220	2142524	2885861
2880092	2874335	2795258	2170689			
Total	0	0	0	328220	2142524	2885861
2880092	2874335	2795258	2170689			

Combined Cycle Load Factor [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
NS1	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
100.00	100.00	97.44	75.82			

Old Thermal Generation (MWh) [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
Stat1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	13	0			
Stat2	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	13	0			

Old Thermal Load Factor [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
Stat1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Stat2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			

Old Hydro Generation (MWh) [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
Stat1	5100000	5100000	5100000	5100000	5100000	5100000
5100000	5100000	5100000	5100000			
Stat2	1037000	1037000	1037000	1037000	1037000	1037000
1037000	1037000	1037000	1037000			
Total	6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000
6137000	6137000	6137000	6137000			

Old Hydro Load Factor [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
Stat1	63.96	64.09	64.22	57.59	57.14	55.41
55.52	55.63	55.75	55.86			
Stat2	74.14	74.28	74.43	74.58	74.73	74.88
75.03	75.18	75.33	75.48			

New Hydro Generation (MWh) [Yearly, by Station]

Station:						
newh1	962900	962900	962900	962900	962900	962900
962900	962900	962900	962900			
newh4	336000	336000	336000	336000	336000	336000
336000	336000	336000	336000			
Total	1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900
1298900	1298900	1298900	1298900			



## New Hydro Load Factor [Yearly, by Station]

Station:							
newh1		96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00
96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00				
newh4		96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00
96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00				

## (D) ENERGY IMPORTED (MWh/Year)

Imported From:							
Ivory Coast		518228	97557	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Togo		0	866703	2804952	3348469	3259459	3917119
5506676	8322038	1.19E+7	1.57E+7				
Total		518228	964260	2804952	3348469	3259459	3917119
5506676	8322038	1.19E+7	1.57E+7				

## (e) ENERGY EXPORTED (MWh/Year)

Exported To:							
Ivory Coast		0	85598	808618	519353	1158840	1362735
1626719	2981239	4849462	6239375				
Togo		621912	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0				
Total		621912	85598	808618	519353	1158840	1362735
1626719	2981239	4849462	6239375				

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## E) COST &amp; REVENUES

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## (a) FUEL COSTS (\$/Year)

Undiscounted							
Old Thermal		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	610	0				
Combined Cycle		0	0	0	8550957	5.58E+7	7.52E+7
7.50E+7	7.49E+7	7.28E+7	5.66E+7				

Total Discounted Fuel Cost for Horizon = \$235099129

## FUEL COSTS (\$/MWh) [Yearly fuel costs/yearly MWh generation]

Undiscounted							
Old Thermal		UNDF	UNDF	UNDF	UNDF	UNDF	UNDF
UNDF	UNDF	45.78	UNDF				
Combined Cycle		UNDF	UNDF	UNDF	26.05	26.05	26.05
26.05	26.05	26.05	26.05				

## (b) O &amp; M COSTS (\$/Year)

Undiscounted							
Combined Cycle		0	0	0	755655	4932698	6644080
6630812	6617570	6435693	4999184				
Old Thermal		0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	31	0				

Old Hydro	1227400	1227400	1227400	1227400	1227400	1227400	1227400
1227400	1227400	1227400	1227400				
New Hydro	1320503	1322623	1324744	1326864	1328984	1331105	
1333225	1335345	1337466	1339586				

Total Discounted O & M Cost for Horizon = \$43523802

(c) WATER COSTS (\$/Year)

Undiscounted

Old Hydro	3068500	3068500	3068500	3068500	3068500	3068500	3068500
3068500	3068500	3068500	3068500				
New Hydro	649450	649450	649450	649450	649450	649450	649450
649450	649450	649450	649450				

Total Discounted Water Cost for Horizon = \$33110138

(d) CAPITAL COSTS

levelized(t) = (construction cost)(crf) in all t following construction

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012	2014
2016	2018	2020	Total				

COMBINE CYCLE STATIONS

Station							
NS1	0	0	0	2.4E+6	1.6E+7	2.1E+7	2.1E+7
2.1E+7	2.1E+7	2.1E+7	1.3E+8				
Station							
NS1	0	0	0	1.2E+6	6.7E+6	7.5E+6	6.2E+6
5.1E+6	4.2E+6	3.5E+6	3.4E+7				

Total Discounted Cost for Horizon = \$68828053

NEW HYDRO STATIONS

Station							
newh1	1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+7
1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+7	1.7E+8				
newh4	6.8E+6	6.9E+6	6.9E+6	6.9E+6	6.9E+6	6.9E+6	6.9E+6
6.9E+6	7.0E+6	7.0E+6	6.9E+7				
Station							
newh1	1.5E+7	1.3E+7	1.0E+7	8.6E+6	7.1E+6	5.9E+6	4.9E+6
4.0E+6	3.3E+6	2.8E+6	7.5E+7				
newh4	6.2E+6	5.1E+6	4.3E+6	3.5E+6	2.9E+6	2.4E+6	2.0E+6
1.7E+6	1.4E+6	1.1E+6	3.1E+7				

Total Discounted Cost for Horizon = \$210808614

OLD HYDRO STATION EXPANSIONS

Station							
Stat1	0	0	0	6.6E+6	7.2E+6	9.3E+6	9.3E+6
9.3E+6	9.3E+6	9.3E+6	6.0E+7				
Station							
Stat1	0	0	0	3.4E+6	3.1E+6	3.3E+6	2.7E+6
2.2E+6	1.8E+6	1.5E+6	1.8E+7				

Total Discounted Cost for Horizon = \$35923626

OLD TRANS. EXPANSIONS								
Station	Undiscounted Levelized Dollars							
ICo	0	525510	1.5E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6
1.7E+6	1.7E+6	2.9E+6	1.5E+7					
Tog	0	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	2.6E+6
4.4E+6	6.8E+6	1.0E+7	3.3E+7					
Station	Discounted Levelized Dollars							
ICo	0	394226	954268	885866	732120	605058	500048	
413263	341540	470782	5.3E+6					
Tog	0	1.3E+6	1.1E+6	895305	739921	611505	746163	
1.1E+6	1.3E+6	1.7E+6	9.5E+6					

Total Discounted Cost for Horizon = \$14800476

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#### F) GAINS FROM TRADE

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Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
REVENUE FROM EXPORTS						
EXPORTED TO:						
Ivory Coas	0	3263126	25582544	14492738	26725737	27571509
28341584	42885087	51354267	49176526			
Togo	39911122	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
PAYMENTS FOR IMPORTS						
IMPORTED FROM:						
Ivory Coas	33436629	3719015	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
Togo	0	32862829	88118435	92921889	74758859	78800545
93433044	116606802	122111005	121340820			

#### REVENUE FROM RESERVES

EXPORTED TO:						
Ivory Coas	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	18284061	40146488			
Togo	2	13817048	27332394	36610123	29896946	16953909
0	0	0	0			

#### PAYMENTS FOR RESERVES

IMPORTED FROM:						
Ivory Coas	0	3005161	14225690	28776749	32228267	23852649
15887232	0	0	0			
Togo	0	0	0	0	0	0
4044538	27160195	60307700	92032796			

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
Average Buying Price Present Value						
	32.26	18.97	15.71	13.88	11.47	10.06
8.48	7.01	5.14	3.88			
Average Selling Price Present Value						
	34.61	20.45	16.97	14.97	12.37	10.85
9.35	7.72	5.68	4.23			
Average Buying Price Real Dollars						
	35.54	25.29	25.34	27.08	27.08	28.74
29.33	29.31	26.03	23.74			
Average Selling Price Real Dollars						
	38.13	27.26	27.38	29.22	29.22	31.02
32.32	32.29	28.76	25.90			

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
Average Buying Price Present Value						
	0	3816	12150	23545	26905	22852
26929	22135	23892	22990			
Average Selling Price Present Value						
	0	12799	25833	35305	29416	24520
0	0	25774	26106			
Average Buying Price Real Dollars						
	0	5087	19598	45953	63537	65299
93107	92604	120945	140818			
Average Selling Price Real Dollars						
	0	17062	41668	68903	69467	70064
0	0	130469	159906			

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#### G) OBJECTIVE FUNCTION BREAKDOWN (Present Value)

Year	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
2014	2016	2018	2020			
FIXED COSTS						
(a) Capital Costs						
OT		0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
LC		0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
CC		0	0	2485260	13411592	14950454
12355747	10211361	8439142	6974497			
CT		0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
SC		0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
Old H		0	0	6757330	6101823	6514576
5383947	4449543	3677309	3039098			

New H	42716970	35373852	29292912	24257219	20087124	16633851
13774193	11406117	9445126	7821248			
Pumped H	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
New Line	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
Old Line	0	3410085	4075174	3562341	2944084	2433127
2492422	2950882	3363416	4369422			
(b) Unserved MegaWatts						
UM	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
(c) Fixed O&M						
LC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
CC	0	0	0	768	4144	4620
3818	3155	2608	2155			
CT	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
SC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
New H	1925670	1594644	1320517	1093509	905522	749850
620937	514185	425784	352580			
Pumped H	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
VARIABLE COSTS						
(d) Fuel Costs						
Old T	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	241	0			
LC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
CC	0	0	0	8762713	47273112	52623360
43403443	35798909	28771928	18465423			
CT	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
SC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
(e) Unserved Energy						
Un En	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
(f) Water Costs						
New H	1179032	974407	805295	665533	550027	454568
375676	310476	256592	212059			
Old H	5570653	4603846	3804831	3144488	2598751	2147728
1774982	1466927	1212336	1001931			
(g) Variable O&M						
Old T	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	12	0			
LC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
CC	0	0	0	773600	4173419	4645756
3831792	3160440	2540076	1630186			
CT	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
SC	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0			
New H	471613	389763	322118	266213	220011	181827
150270	124190	102637	84824			

Old H		2228261		1841538		1521932		1257795		1039500		859091	
709993		586771		484935		400772							
Old PH		0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		0		0							
New PH		0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		0		0							
Total		54092200		48188135		41142779		53026770		99309110		102198808	
84877221		70982957		58722140		44354195							

TOTAL COST FOR HORIZON = 656894313.95

MWh Exp		-39911122		-3263126		-25582544		-14492738		-26725737		-27571509	
-28341584		-42885087		-51354267		-49176526							
MWh Imp		33436629		36581844		88118435		92921889		74758859		78800545	
93433044		116606802		122111005		121340820							

Res Exp		-2		-13817048		-27332394		-36610123		-29896946		-16953909	
0		-18284061		-40146488									
Res Imp		0		3005161		14225690		28776749		32228267		23852649	
19931770		27160195		60307700		92032796							

Total		47617706		70694966		90571966		123622547		149673554		160326585	
169900451		171864866		171502518		168404797							

TOTAL COST FOR HORIZON WITH REVENUE AND PAYMENTS = 1324179955.79